#### PIRAMAL FINANCE LIMITED

CIN: U99999MH1974PLC129493

Regd. Office: 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Piramal Tower Annexe, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400 013.

Tel No.: +91 22 3046 6969 Fax: +91 22 3046 7855

#### **BOARD'S REPORT**

#### Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their 43<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report on the business and operation of the Company and the Audited Financial Statement for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2017.

#### **Financial Highlights (Standalone)**

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		For the Year ended on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2016
Income	1,49,241	14,246
Expenditure	1,20,008	8,520
Profit before taxation	29,233	5,726
Current Tax (including deferred tax credit)	9,905	2,004
Profit for the year	19,328	3,722

Note: Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

#### Brief description of the Company's working during the year / State of Company's affair

The loan books of the company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017 stood at Rs. 18,999 crores compared to the loan book amount of Rs. 733.63 crores. The Company is engaged in the business of wholesale funding across real estate and non-real estate sectors. It offers funding across the entire capital stack, ranging from structured debt, senior secured debt and construction finance to flexi lease rental discounting (within real estate). On the other non-real estate sectors, the Company is building a sector agnostic corporate lending book. It started with infrastructure and over a period of time have added renewable energy, cement, auto components, logistics etc. to the focus areas. Within these sectors the Company provides the entire gamut of credit solutions.

During the year under consideration the Company has acquired (i) identified Assets aggregating Rs. 13,950 crores including investment(s) in NCDs, receivables arising out of ICDs as well as Term Loans granted by the Company, and other Financial Assistance (whether in form of investments or loans) provided to other companies or entities, together with accrued interest, and (ii) identified Liabilities aggregating to approximately Rs. 12,511 crores including funds raised by way of issuance of NCDs, CPs and/or financial assistance availed from banks, financial institutions, including, non-banking financial companies, or other bodies corporate, forming part of the financial services business of Piramal Enterprises Limited ("PEL"), company holding 100% equity shares of the Company. The net consideration of Rs. 1,439 crores, was discharged partially by way of issue and allotment of equity shares and partially in cash to PEL.

#### **Conversion of the Company**

During the year, the Company was converted into a Public Limited Company and consequently the name of the of the Company was changed from Piramal Finance Private Limited to Piramal Finance Limited vide the new certificate of incorporation dated 6<sup>th</sup> January, 2017 granted by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai.

#### **Transfer to Reserves**

During the year, an amount of Rs. 3,866 lakhs out of surplus balance in profit and loss account were transferred to Statutory Reserves.

#### Dividend

In order to conserve resources for the future growth of the Company, your Board of Directors has not recommended any dividend for the year ended March 31, 2017.

#### **Capital Adequacy**

The Company's capital adequacy ratio was 20.59% as on March 31, 2017, which is significantly above the threshold limit of 15% as prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI').

#### **Share Capital**

During the year under review, the Company has issued and allotted 2,56,89,81,152 equity shares of 10/- each on a rights basis, in consideration of acquisition of assets and liabilities pertaining to financial services business of PEL.

#### **Deposit**

Your Company has not accepted any deposit from the public and as such, no amount of principal or interest was outstanding as on the balance sheet date.

#### **RBI Guidelines**

As a Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Finance Company, the Company always strives to operate in compliance with applicable RBI guidelines and regulations and employs its best efforts towards achieving the same.

#### **Adequacy of Internal Financial Controls**

The Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Financial Statements. The Company has adequate internal financial controls in place with reference to financial statements. These are continually reviewed by the Company to strengthen the same wherever required. The internal control systems are supplemented by internal audit carried out by an independent firm of Chartered Accountants and periodical review by management. The Audit and Risk Committee of the Board addresses issues raised by both the Auditors.

#### **Listing of Debt Securities**

During the year under consideration the Company has listed its debt securities on National Stock Exchange of India Limited in compliance with the provisions of the SEBI (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008.

#### **Subsidiary/Joint Ventures/Associate Companies**

Your Company has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited on 10<sup>th</sup> February, 2017 which has applied to the National Housing Bank for registration to commence Housing Finance business on 28<sup>th</sup> February, 2017. The same is expected to be received in due course of time.

#### **Statutory Auditors and Auditor's Report**

The Auditors Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark on the financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017. The statements made by the Auditors in their Report are self - explanatory and do not call for any further comments.

In accordance with Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, M/s. B S R & Co., LLP, were reappointed by the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting ('AGM') held on 25<sup>th</sup> July 2014, as Statutory Auditors for a period of 5 years to hold office until the conclusion of the AGM of the Company in calendar year 2019.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 139, 142 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the appointment of the Statutory Auditors is required to be ratified by the shareholders at every AGM during their tenure.

M/s. B S R & Co., LLP, have confirmed that they are eligible for having their appointment as Statutory Auditors ratified at this AGM. Accordingly, approval of shareholders is being sought at this AGM for ratification of their appointment.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility activities for FY 2017 is enclosed as **Annexure A**.

#### **Extract of the annual return**

The extract of the Annual return in Form MGT-9 is annexed herewith as **Annexure B**.

#### **Directors and Key Managerial Personnel**

During the year, there is no change in the Board of Directors Company.

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

In accordance of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Vijay Kantilal Shah (DIN:00021276), Director of the Company, retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for reappointment. A requisite resolution for the appointment of aforesaid Director along with explanatory statement thereto has been annexed with the Notice for the members of the Company.

Following changes in the Key Managerial Personnel took place during the year:

- a. Mr. Amit Vyas resigned as Company Secretary w.e.f. 22<sup>nd</sup> July, 2016
- b. Mr. Ankit Singh was appointed as Company Secretary w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> August, 2016.

#### **Management Discussion and Analysis Report**

Management Discussion and Analysis Report is annexed herewith as **Annexure C**.

#### **Board Evaluation**

Evaluation of performance of all Directors is undertaken annually. The Company has implemented a system of evaluating performance of the Board of Directors and of its Committees and individual Directors on the basis of a structured questionnaire which comprises evaluation criteria taking into consideration various performance related aspects.

The Board of Directors has expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

#### Number of meetings of the Board of Directors

During the year 5 (five) Board Meetings were held and the gap between the two Board Meetings was not more than one hundred and twenty days, thereby complying with applicable statutory requirements.

#### **Audit and Risk Committee**

The Audit and Risk Committee of the Company comprises of three members, consisting of Independent and Non-Executive Directors as below:

Name	Designation	Category
Mr. N. Vaghul	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. Harish Engineer	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Anand Piramal	Member	Non-Executive Director

#### Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Considering the nature of the business in which Company is engaged, the disclosure as required under the Companies (Disclosure of Particulars in the Report of the Board of Directors) Rules 1988, is not given. There is no foreign exchange earnings during the financial year 2016-17. However, the foreign exchange outgo during the financial year 2016-17 is Rs. 323 lakhs.

#### **Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy for Directors and Employees**

The Company has established a Vigil Mechanism, which includes a Whistle Blower Policy, for its Directors and Employees, to provide a framework to facilitate responsible and secure reporting of concerns of unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct & Ethics. The Whistle Blower Policy is posted on the website of the Company and the weblink to the same is <a href="http://www.piramalfinance.com/policy.php#wbp">http://www.piramalfinance.com/policy.php#wbp</a>.

#### **Nomination and Remuneration Policies**

The Board of Directors has formulated a Policy which lays down a framework for selection and appointment of Directors and Senior Management and for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors.

The Board has also formulated a Policy relating to remuneration of Directors, members of Senior Management and Key Managerial Personnel.

Details of the Nomination Policy and the Remuneration Policy are given in **Annexure D**.

#### Particulars of loans, guarantees or investments under section 186

The Company is Systematically Important Non – Banking Finance Company registered with Reserve Bank of India, hence the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

During the year, the Company had entered into contract/arrangement/ transaction with related parties which were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis, except for a transaction which was at arms' length but was considered as material in nature. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC 2 is enclosed as **Annexure E**.

#### **Managerial Remuneration**

#### A) Remuneration to Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

i. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during FY2017, ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for FY2017 and the comparison of remuneration of each Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) against the performance of the Company are as under:

Sr. No.	Name Of Director / KMP And Designation	Remuneration Of Director/KMP For FY 2017 (₹ In Lakhs)	% Increase / Decrease In Remuneration In FY 2017	Ratio Of Remuneration Of Each Whole – Time Director To Median Remuneration Of Employees
1.	Ajay Gopikisan Piramal Chairman	-	-	-
2.	Swati Ajay Piramal Non-Executive Director	-	-	-
3.	Anand Ajay Piramal Non-Executive Director	-	-	-
4.	Vijay Kantilal Shah Non-Executive Director	-	-	-
5.	Narayanan Vaghul Independent Director	4	N.A.	-
6.	Harish Hansubhai Engineer Independent Director	4	N.A.	-
7.	Khushru Burjor Jijina Managing Director	*39.81	100%	-
8.	Ujas S. Popat Chief Financial Officer	-	-	-
9.	Amit Vyas Company Secretary (resigned w.e.f. 22 <sup>nd</sup> July, 2016)	-	-	-
10.	Ankit Singh Company Secretary (appointed w.e.f. 1 <sup>st</sup> August, 2016)	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Remuneration paid for one month

**Note:** Independent Directors are entitled to sitting fees and commission as per the statutory provisions and within the limits approved by shareholders. Remuneration details for Independent Directors, in the above table, comprises of sitting fees. Details in the corresponding columns are applicable for Whole-time Directors and KMPs.

- i. The median remuneration of employees of the Company during FY2017 was ₹ 20,08,500;
- ii. In the financial year, there was an decrease of 11% in the median remuneration of employees;
- iii. There were 111 permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as on March 31, 2017.
- iv. Average percentage increase made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year i.e. FY2017 was 16 %. As regards comparison of Managerial Remuneration of FY2017 over FY2016, details of the same are given in the above table at sr. no. i.
- v. It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.

#### B) Employee Particulars

Details of employee remuneration as required under provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(2) & 5(3) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is provided in a separate statement forming part of this Report. Further, this report is being sent to the Members excluding the said statement. The said statement is available for inspection of members at the Registered Office of the Company during working hours upto the date of the Annual General Meeting and shall be made available to any shareholder on request. The said statement is also available on your Company's website, the weblink to which is <a href="http://www.piramalfinance.com">http://www.piramalfinance.com</a>.

- I) None of the Whole-Time Directors received any commission nor any remuneration from any of the Company's subsidiaries.
- II) The following details are given in the Report on Corporate Governance forming part of this Annual Report:
  - (i) all elements of remuneration package of all the directors;
  - (ii) details of fixed component and performance linked incentives of Whole-Time Directors along with the performance criteria;
  - (iii) service contracts, notice period, severance fees of Whole-Time Directors;
  - (iv) stock option details of Whole-Time Director;

#### Secretarial Audit Report

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Rules made thereunder, the Company has appointed M/s N. L. Bhatia and Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries (C.P. No. 422) as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed as **Annexure F** and forms an integral part of this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

#### **Risk Management Policy**

The Company has a robust Risk Management framework to identify, measure and mitigate business risks and opportunities. This framework seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on the

business objective and enhance the Company's competitive advantage. This risk framework thus helps in managing market, credit and operations risks.

#### **Directors' Responsibility Statement**

Your Directors state that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017, the applicable accounting standards have been followed with no material departures;
- (b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2017 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- (c) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the Directors have prepared the annual financial statements on a going concern basis;
- (e) the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively; and
- (f) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

#### **Others**

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:

- 1. Details relating to issue of equity shares including sweat equity shares and shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise, since there was no such issue of shares.
- 2. No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

Your Directors further state that during the year under review, there were no cases filed under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

#### Acknowledgements

We take this opportunity to thank the employees for their dedicated service and co-operation in the functioning of the Company. We also thank the Shareholders and Company's Bankers for their continued support to the Company

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Ajay G. Piramal Chairman

**Place :** Mumbai **Date :** 10<sup>th</sup> May, 2017

#### **ANNEXURE - A**

#### Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility activities for the financial year 2016-17

1. A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programs.

Piramal Foundation is the strategic CSR arm of the group. Piramal Foundation develops innovative solutions to resolve issues that are critical roadblocks towards unlocking India's economic potential. Foundation believes that considerable positive change can occur, when we collaborate with likeminded partners and nurture projects that are scalable ensuring a long term impact.

The CSR policy of the Company is guided by the core values of the Group, namely, Knowledge Action and Care.

The social projects that are chosen to be funded by PFPL lie within one of the broad areas of healthcare & education.

Piramal Swasthya is our unique model providing healthcare facilities to rural India.

Piramal Foundation for Education Leadership (PFEL) is focused on creating leadership capacity in the education sector. The CSR policy of the Company is guided by the core values of the Group, namely, Knowledge Action and Care.

Web link to CSR Policy: <a href="http://www.piramalfinance.com/policy.php#csr">http://www.piramalfinance.com/policy.php#csr</a>

2. The Composition of the CSR Committee

Chairman – Mr. Ajay G. Piramal

Member – Mr. Anand Piramal

Member – Mr. Narayan Vaghul(Independent)

3. Average net profit of the company for last three financial years

Rs.144.58 crores

4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure

Rs.2.89 crores

- 5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year:
  - (a) Total amount spent for the financial year –Rs.8.54 crores
  - (b) Amount unspent, if any NIL
  - (c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below.

Rs.in crores

<b>(1)</b>	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
S. No	CSR Project / Activity	Sector		outlay (budget)	spent on the projects or programs	upto to the reporting	directly or
1	Providing Primary Healthcare		Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Assam,	7.04	7.04	30.07	Implementing Agency - Piramal

			Rajasthan, Maharashtra, Karnataka, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Arunachal Pradesh, Odisha, West Bengal				Swasthya Management & Research Institute
2	Building Leadership of Government Schools	Education	Rajasthan	1.50	1.50	2.96	Implementing Agency - Piramal Foundation for Education Leaders
	TOTAL			8.54	8.54	33.03	

6. In case the Company has failed to spend the two per cent of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board report.

Not Applicable

7. A responsibility statement of the CSR Committee that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy, is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the Company

The implementation and monitoring of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy, is in compliance with CSR objectives and policy of the Company.

Sd/Ajay G. Piramal
Chairman

Sd/Anand Piramal
Director

#### **ANNEXURE - B**

# FORM NO. MGT 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

#### as on financial year ended on 31.03.2017

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration ) Rules, 2014.

I

#### **REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:**

i	CIN	U99999MH1974PLC129493
ii	Registration Date	23/02/1974
iii	Name of the Company	Piramal Finance Limited
iv	Category/Sub-category of the	Company Limited by shares / Indian Non-
	Company	Government Company
v	Address of the Registered office	1st Floor, Piramal Tower Annexe, Ganpat Rao
	& contact details	Kadam Marg,Lower Parel West, Mumbai 400013
vi	Whether listed company	Unlisted
vii	Name, Address & contact details	N.A.
	of the Registrar & Transfer Agent,	
	if any.	

#### II PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated

SL No	*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **		% to total turnover of the company
1	Other financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding activities, n.e.c.	64990	100%

#### III PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY & ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

SI No	Name & Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	HOLDING/ SUBSIDIARY/ ASSOCIATE	% OF SHARES HELD	APPLICABL E SECTION
1	Piramal Enterprises Limited	L24110MH1947PLC005719	Holding Company	100%	2(46)
2	Piramal Housing Finance Private	U65999MH2017PTC291071	Subsidiary Company	100%	2(87)

IV SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share capital Break up as % to total Equity)

(i) Category-wise shareholding

Category of Shareholders		No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year  No. of Shares held at the end of the year		Shares held at the beginning of the year No. of Shares held at the					
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian	0	1000	1000	0		1000	1000		
a) Individual/HUF b) Central Govt.or	0	1000	1000	0	0	1000	1000	C	0
State Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
c) Bodies Corporates	0	425419000	425419000	100.00	0	2994400152	2994400152	100.00	
d) Bank/FI	0	423419000	423419000	0 100.00	0	2994400132	2994400132		
e) Any other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
SUB TOTAL:(A) (1)	0	425420000	425420000	100.00	0	2994401152	2994401152	100.00	
(2) Foreign	•	423420000	425420000	100.00	•	2//4401132	2//4401132	100.00	0.00
a) NRI- Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(	0
b) Other Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
d) Banks/FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
e) Any other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUB TOTAL (A) (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Shareholding of									
Promoter									
(A)=(A)(1)+(A)(2)	0	425420000	425420000	100.00	0	2994401152	2994401152	100.00	0.00
B. PUBLIC SHAREHO	DLDING								
(1) Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
b) Banks/FI	0		0	0	0	0			
C) Cenntral govt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
d) State Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
e) Venture Capital Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
f) Insurance Companies g) FIIS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
h) Foreign Venture	U	U	0	U	U	U	0		0
Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(	0
i) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
SUB TOTAL (B)(1):	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
565 161112 (D)(1)v	Ů	v	v	Ü		•	v		Ť
(2) Non Institutions									
a) Bodies corporates	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(	0
i) Indian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(	0
ii) Overseas	0		0	0	0	0			
b) Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Individual									
shareholders holding									
nominal share capital	_	_	=	_		-	=	_	_
upto Rs.1 lakhs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0
ii) Individuals									
shareholders holding nominal share capital in									
excess of Rs. 1 lakhs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
c) Others (specify)	0		0	0	0	0			
SUB TOTAL (B)(2):	0		0	0					
Total Public	U	U	<u> </u>	U	U	<u> </u>	0		-
Shareholding									
(B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C. Shares held by	0	· ·	U	V	3	0	•		<u> </u>
Custodian for									
GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0
Grand Total (A+B+C)	0	425420000	425420000	100.00		2994401152	2994401152	100.00	0.00

#### (ii) SHARE HOLDING OF PROMOTERS

Sl No.	Shareholders Name		Shareholding at	the	Sh	Shareholding at the		
		No of shares	% of total	% of shares	No of shares	% of total	% of shares	in share
			shares	pledged		shares	pledged	holding
			of the company	encumbered to		of the	encumbered	during the
				total shares		company	to total shares	year
1	Piramal Enterprises Limited	425419000	100.00	0.00	2994400152	100.00	0.00	0.00
2	Piramal Enterprises Limited	1000	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	jointly with Mr. Ajay G							
	Piramal							
3	Mr. Ajay G Piramal \$	0	0.00	0.00	900	0.00	0.00	0.00
4	Mrs. (Dr.) Swati A. Piramal	0	0.00	0.00	20	0.00	0.00	0.00
5	Mr. Vijay Kantilal Shah §	0	0.00	0.00	20	0.00	0.00	0.00
6	Ms. Nandini Ajay Piramal \$	0	0.00	0.00	20	0.00	0.00	0.00
7	Mr. Rajesh Laddha \$	0	0.00	0.00	20	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	Mr. Leonard Joseph Peter	0	0.00	0.00	20	0.00	0.00	0.00
	D'Souza \$							
•	Total	425420000	100	0.00	2994401152	100.00	0.00	0.00

<sup>§</sup> Holding shares as Nominees of Piramal Enterprises Limited

#### $(iii) \quad \textbf{CHANGE IN PROMOTERS' SHAREHOLDING (SPECIFY IF THERE IS NO CHANGE)}$

Sl. No.		Share ho	lding at the	Cumulative Sh	are holding
		No. of Shares	% of total	No of shares	% of total
			shares of the		shares of the
			company		company
1	Piramal Enterprises				
	At the beginning of the year	425419000	100	425419000	100
	24.08.2016 - Allotment	550000000	100	975419000	100
	26.09.2016 - Allotment	200552550	100	1175971550	100
	28.09.2016 - Allotment	329969387	100	1505940937	100
	29.09.2016 - Allotment	720000000	100	2225940937	100
	29.09.2016 - Allotment	481110841	100	2707051778	100
	30.09.2016 - Allotment	75759824	100	2782811602	100
	30.09.2016 - Allotment	195000000	100	2977811602	100
	27.09.2016 - Allotment	16588550	100	2994400152	100
	At the end of the year			2994400152	100
2	Piramal Enterprises				
	Limited and Mr. Ajay G				
	At the beginning of the year	1000		0	0.00
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	(1000)	0.00	0	0.00
	At the end of the year			0	0.00
3	Mr. Ajay G Piramal <sup>\$</sup>				
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	900	0.00	900	0.00
	At the end of the year			900	0.00
4	Mrs. (Dr.) Swati A.				
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	20	0.00	20	0.00
	At the end of the year			20	0.00
5	Mr. Vijay Kantilal Shah \$				
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	20	0.00	20	0.00
	At the end of the year			20	0.00
6	Ms. Nandini Ajay Piramal				
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	20	0.00	20	0.00
	At the end of the year			20	0.00
7	Mr. Rajesh Laddha \$				
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	20	0.00	20	0.00
	At the end of the year			20	0.00
8	Mr. Leonard Joseph Peter				
	D'Souza \$				
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	20	0.00	20	0.00
	At the end of the year			20	0.00
	\$ Holding shares as Nominee				•

<sup>§</sup> Holding shares as Nominees of Piramal Enterprises Limited

#### (iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Direcors, Promoters & Holders of GDRs & ADRs)

Sl. No		Shareholdir	ng at the end of	Cumulative Shareholdin	
	For Each of the Top 10	No.of shares		No of shares	% of total
	Shareholders		shares of the		shares of the
			company		company
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Date wise increase/decrease	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	in Promoters Share holding				
	during the year specifying				
	the reasons for				
	increase/decrease (e.g.				
	allotment/transfer/bonus/sw				
	At the end of the year (or on	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	the date of separation, if				
	separated during the year)				

#### $(v) \qquad \textbf{Shareholding of Directors \& KMP}$

Sl. No		Shareholdin	g at the end of	Cumulative Shareholding		
	For Each of the Directors	No.of shares	% of total	No of shares	% of total	
	& KMP		shares of the		shares of the	
			company		company	
1	Mr. Ajay G. Piramal <sup>\$</sup>					
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00	
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	900	0.00	900	0.00	
	At the end of the year			900	0.00	
2	Mr. Anand Piramal					
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
	At the end of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
3	Dr. (Mrs.) Swati A.					
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00	
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	20	0.00	20	0.00	
	At the end of the year			20	0.00	
4	Mr. Khushru Jijina					
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
	At the end of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
5	Mr. Vijay Shah <sup>\$</sup>					
	At the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00	
	23-12-2016 - Transfer	20	0.00	20	0.00	
	At the end of the year			20	0.00	
6	Mr. N. Vaghul					
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
	At the end of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
7	Mr. Harish Engineer					
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
	At the end of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
8	Mr. Ujas Popat					
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
	At the end of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
9	Mr. Amit Vyas*					
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
	At the end of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
10	Mr. Ankit Singh #					
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	
	At the end of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni	

<sup>§</sup> Holding shares as Nominee of Piramal Enterprises Limited

<sup>\*</sup> Resigned as Company Secretary w.e.f 22nd July, 2016

<sup>\*</sup> Appointed as Company Secretary w.e.f 1st August, 2016

#### V INDEBTEDNESS

(Rs. In Crores)

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment					
	Secured Loans excluding	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedne	
	deposits			SS	
Indebtness at the beginning of the financial year					
i) Principal Amount	138.75	-	-	138.75	
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-	
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-	
Total (i+ii+iii)	138.75	-	-	138.75	
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year					
Additions	15628.45	21698.80		37327.25	
Reduction	5540.95	15423.80		20964.75	
Net Change	10087.50	6275		16362.50	
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year					
i) Principal Amount	10226.25	6275.00		16501.25	
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-	
iii) Interest accrued but not due	170.90	-55.71		115.19	
Total (i+ii+iii)	10397.15	6219.29	-	16616.44	

#### VI

A.

Remuneration of Directors and Key Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole time director and/or Manager:

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the Managing Director/Mana ger Mr. Khushru Jijina - Managing Director	Total Amount (Rs.)
1	Gross salary		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in	3,980,683	3,980,683
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the	0	0
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section	0	0
2	Stock option	0	0
3	Sweat Equity	0	0
4	Commission	0	0
	as % of profit	0	0
	others (specify)	0	0
5	Others, please specify	0	0
	Total (A)	3,980,683	3,980,683
	Ceiling as per the Act	Rs.14.62 crores (	Being 5% of the
		net profits of the Company	
		calculated as per Section 198 of	
		the Companies A	ct, 2013

#### B. Remuneration to other directors:

(Rs. in Lakhs.)

Sl.No	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the Directors			Total	
1	Independent Directors	Mr. N.Vaghul	Mr. Harish			
			Engineer			
	(a) Fee for attending board committee meetings	4	4			
	(b) Commission	0	0			(
	(c ) Others, please specify	0	0			(
	Total (1)	4	4			1
2	Other Non Executive Directors	Mr. Ajay G.	Mr. Anand	Mr. Vijay	Dr.Swati A	
		Piramal	Piramal	Shah	Piramal	
	(a) Fee for attending	0	0	0	0	(
	(b) Commission	0	0	0	0	
	(c ) Others, please specify.	0	0	0	0	(
	Total (2)	0	0	0	0	
	Total (B)=(1+2)					
	Total Managerial Remuneration (A+B)	8				
	Overall Cieling as per the Act.	Not Applicable s	Not Applicable since the Company has only one Managerial Personnel,			
		the ceiling under	the ceiling under the Act for which is 5% refer to in Table VI (A) above.			
		Sitting fees paid	Sitting fees paid within the limit of Rs. 1,00,000 per meeting as			
		prescribed under	prescribed under the Act			

#### C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel				
1	Gross Salary	Mr. Ujas Popat	Mr. Ankit	Mr. Amit	Total	
		- CFO	Singh - CS #	Vyas		
				- CS *		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
2	Stock Option	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
3	Sweat Equity	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
4	Commission	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	as % of profit	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	others, specify	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
5	Others, please specify	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	Total	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	

<sup>#</sup> Appointed as Company Secretary w.e.f 1st August, 2016

#### VII. PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES -

There were no penalties/punishment/compounding of offences for breach of any section of the Companies Act against the Company or its Directors or other officers in default, if any, during the year

#### VII PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPPOUNDING OF OFFENCES

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty/Punish ment/Compoun	(RD/NCLT/Court	Appeall made if any (give details)
			ding fees		
			imposed		
A. COMPANY					
Penalty	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Punishment	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Compounding	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
B. DIRECTORS			<u> </u>		
Penalty	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Punishment	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Compounding	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
C. OTHER OFFICE	ERS IN DEFAULT				
Penalty	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Punishment	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Compounding	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

<sup>\*</sup> Resigned as Company Secretary w.e.f 22nd July, 2016

# Management Discussion & Analysis ("MDA") Report for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2017.

#### **Macroeconomic Overview:**

The financial year 2016-17 has been eventful both, globally and domestically. In India, the macro-economic parameters continued to remain on a strong footing. As per the Central Statistical Organisation, India's gross domestic product (GDP) is estimated to have grown at 7.1% in FY 17, placing India amongst the fastest growing major economies. Agriculture registered a robust growth backed by good monsoons. The services sector growth was mildly subdued compared to the previous year, though industrial growth continued to struggle. Factors working in favour of India included continued fiscal prudence, low current account deficit, moderate inflation and an adequate level of foreign currency reserves. Key structural reforms such as further liberalization of foreign direct investment, the introduction of the Goods and Services Tax and the implementation of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code augur well for India's future.

#### **Market Overview:**

The demonetization exercise (withdrawal of specified bank notes) announced in November 2016 did not result in any sharp movement in property prices. The impact of demonetization on the real estate sector was transitory, both in the primary and secondary residential markets. During the year, the demand for commercial office space was strong, resulting in a pick-up in lease rental discounting transactions. There has also been a surge in private equity investment in commercial real estate. A number of large foreign private equity funds have increased their exposure to India and have sizable investments in both, the commercial and residential real estate sector.

#### **Opportunities, Threats, Risks & Concerns:**

- 1. Triple Impact Of Demonetization, RERA And GST on the real estate sector: For the real estate sector, the above policies will lead to consolidation over the next few years
- 2. Increased competition across real estate and non-real estate lending: More domestic banks focusing on debt and global players also setting up desks in India to provide structured credit. Increased competition to also affect yields going forward
- 3. Falling interest rates leading to contraction in yield: Countered through reduction in interest rate for selective transactions on a risk adjusted basis
- 4. Other concerns include unanticipated changes in regulations which could impact the operations of the Corporation

The Corporation's strong brand name, extensive reach and ability to cater to varied requirements of customers through innovative offerings are its key strengths.

#### **Risk and Concerns:**

An independent risk management function formalizes the risk measurement & management process at Piramal Finance Ltd. The risk management philosophy is embedded into all activities of the NBFC, including comprehensive internal control and assurance processes to manage key risks. The risk management function mainly deals with credit and liquidity & interest rate risk.

All proposals executed under PFL are independently assessed by the Risk Management function. The Risk Management function uses internal risk assessment models to assess the credit, market and concentration risk embedded in the deal and presents its view on the risk-return trade-off for each deal. The Risk management function also analyses the liquidity & interest rate risk at portfolio level.

#### **Segment Wise Performance:**

The Company's main business is to provide funding support to the entity which is engaged in the business of real estate business. As such there are no separate reportable segments.

#### **Outlook:**

The Company continues to explore the possibilities of expansion and will make the necessary investments when attractive opportunities arise.

#### **Internal Control Systems and Their Adequacy:**

Piramal Finance has instituted adequate internal control systems commensurate with the nature of its business and the size of its operations. Internal audit is carried out by independent firm of chartered accountants and cover all the offices and key areas of business.

#### **Financial Performance with respect to operational performance:**

- 1. Real estate loan book has witnessed 72% year on year growth with no incremental NPA;
- 2. Sanctioned loans of more than INR 21,600 cr during the financial year;
- 3. Numerous measures to ensure asset quality: covering 99+ developers, 178+ transactions and over 309 projects across India;
- 4. Started lending to Lease Rental Discounting (LRD) segment;
- 5. Strengthened the Investment team and focus on support functions.

#### **Asset Liability Management (ALM):**

The Company's Asset-Liability Committee (ALCO), set up in line with the guidelines issued by the RBI, monitors asset-liability mismatches to ensure that they are in acceptable limits. It closely monitors liquidity and interest rates in the market and takes proactive measures when deemed necessary. As a part of ALCO strategy, Company maintains effective ALM processes to mitigate its liquidity and interest rate risk.

#### **Customer service:**

Piramal Finance Limited continues to remain customer centric in its policies and practices. This will substantially improve customer experience and should help grow the business in the upcoming year.

#### **Human resources:**

The Company continues to lay emphasis on people, its most valuable resource. In an increasingly competitive market for human resources, it seriously focuses on attracting and retaining the right talent. It provides equal opportunity to employees to deliver results.

#### **Cautionary statement:**

Statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may be 'forward looking' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from those expressed or implied

#### **NOMINATION POLICY**

#### I] Preamble:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) of Piramal Finance Limited (the "Company"), has adopted the following policy and procedures with regard to identification and nomination of persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management. This policy is framed in compliance with the applicable provisions of Section 178 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

II] Criteria for identifying persons for appointment as Directors and Senior Management:

#### A. Directors

- Candidates for Directorship should possess appropriate qualifications, skills and expertise in
  one or more fields of finance, law, general corporate management, financial services and other
  disciplines as may be identified by the NRC and/or the Board from time to time, that may be
  relevant to the Company's business.
- 2. Such candidates should also have a proven record of professional success.
- 3. Every candidate for Directorship on the Board should have the following positive attributes:
  - a) Possesses a high level of integrity, ethics, credibility and trustworthiness;
  - b) Ability to handle conflict constructively and possess the willingness to address critical issues proactively;
  - c) Is familiar with the business of the Company and the industry in which it operates and displays a keen interest in contributing at the Board level to the Company's growth;
  - d) Possesses the ability to bring independent judgment to bear on the Board's deliberations especially on issues of strategy, performance, risk management and resource planning;
  - e) Displays willingness to devote sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs;
  - f) Values Corporate Governance and possesses the skills and ability to assist the Company in implementing good corporate governance practices;
  - g) Possesses leadership skills and is a team player;

#### 4. Criteria for Independence applicable for selection of Independent Directors:

- a) Candidates for Independent Directors on the Board of the Company should comply with the criteria for Independence as stipulated in the Companies Act 2013, as amended or re-enacted or notified from time to time. Such candidates should also comply with other applicable regulatory requirements relating to Independence or as may be laid down by the Board from time to time.
- b) Such Candidates shall submit a Declaration of Independence to the NRC /Board, initially and thereafter, annually, based upon which, the NRC /Board shall evaluate compliance with this criteria for Independence.

#### 5. Change in status of Independence

Every Independent Director shall be required to inform the NRC / Board immediately in case of any change in circumstances that may put his or her independence in doubt, based upon which, the NRC / Board may take such steps as it may deem fit in the best interest of the organization.

#### **B.** Members of Senior Management

1. For the purpose of this Policy, the term 'Senior Management' means Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Managing Director (MD), Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and any other persons in charge of material functions.

- 2. The eligibility criteria for appointments to Senior Management and continuity thereof shall include integrity and ethics, in addition to possessing qualifications, expertise, experience and special competencies relevant to the position for which purpose the executive is being or has been appointed.
- 3. Any candidate being considered for the post of Senior Management should be willing to comply fully with the PFL Code of Conduct and other applicable policies, in force from time to time.

#### III] Process for identification & shortlisting of candidates:

#### A. Directors

- 1. The NRC shall identify the need for appointment of new Directors on the Board on the basis of the evaluation process for Board as a whole and of individual Directors or as it may otherwise determine.
- 2. Candidates for Board membership may be identified from a number of sources, including but not limited to past members of the Board and Directors database.
- 3. NRC shall evaluate proposals for appointment of new Directors on the basis of qualification criteria and positive attributes referred to hereinabove and make its recommendations to the Board.

#### **B.** Members of Senior Management

- The NRC shall consider the recommendations of the management while evaluating the selection of executives in senior management. The NRC may also identity potential candidates for appointment to Senior Management through referrals and recommendations from past and present members of the Board or from such other sources as it may deem fit and proper.
- 2. The NRC shall evaluate proposals for appointments to Senior Management on the basis of eligibility criteria referred to hereinabove and refer to such inquiries and background checks as it may deem appropriate.
- 3. Based on such evaluation, the NRC shall shortlist the desired candidate and make its recommendations to the Board for appointment.

#### IV] Removal:

#### A. Directors

- 1. If a Director incurs any disqualification mentioned under the Companies Act, 2013 or any other applicable law, regulations, statutory requirements, the NRC may recommend to the Board with reasons recorded in writing, the removal of the said Director subject to the provisions of and compliance with the statutory provisions.
- 2. Such recommendations may also be made on the basis of performance evaluation of the Directors or as may otherwise be thought fit by the NRC.

#### **B.** Members of Senior Management

- 1. The NRC shall consider the recommendations of the management while making recommendations to the Board for dismissal / removal of those in Senior Management.
- 2. Such recommendations may also be made on the basis of performance evaluation of members of Senior Management to the extent applicable or as may otherwise be thought fit by the NRC.

#### V] Review:

1. The NRC shall periodically review the effectiveness of this Policy and recommend any revisions that may be required to this Policy to the Board for consideration and approval.

#### REMUNERATION POLICY

#### 1. Preamble:

- 1.1 The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) of Piramal Finance Limited (the "Company"), has adopted the following policy and procedures with regard to remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees.
- 1.2 The Remuneration Policy ('Policy') is framed in compliance with the applicable provisions of Section 178 and other applicable provisions, if any,of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 1.3 This Policy reflects the Company's core values viz. Knowledge, Action and Care.

#### 2. Framework:

2.1 The remuneration of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel will be determined by the NRC and will then be recommended to the Board for approval.

#### 3. Designing of Remuneration Packages:

- 3.1 While designing remuneration packages, the following factors are taken into consideration:
  - a. Ability to attract, motivate and retain the best talent in the industries in which the Company operates.;
  - b. Current industry practices;
  - c. Cost of living;
  - d. Balance between fixed and performance linked variable pay;
  - e. Achievement of Key Result Areas (KRAs) of the employee, the concerned department / function and of the Company;

#### 4. Remuneration to Directors:

#### **A.** Independent Directors:

The Independent Directors are entitled to the following:

- i. Sitting Fees: The Independent Director receive remuneration in the form of sitting fees for attending meetings of Board or Committee thereof of the Company and its subsidiaries where such Director may be so appointed. Provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed such amount per meeting as may be prescribed by the applicable regulatory requirement.
- **ii. Fees for rendering professional services:** Any Director who renders services of a professional nature to the Company, may receive payment for such services rendered from the Company, subject to compliance with applicable regulatory requirements.
- **iii. Commission:** The Board may at its discretion pay commission subject to compliance with applicable regulatory requirements.

#### **B.** Remuneration to Whole – Time Directors

- i. The remuneration to be paid to the Whole Time Directors, when applicable, shall be in compliance with the applicable regulatory requirements, including such requisite approvals as required by law.
- ii. Increments may be recommended by the Committee to the Board which shall be within applicable regulatory limits.
- iii. The Board may at the recommendation of the NRC and in its discretion, consider the payment of such additional remuneration within the framework of applicable laws and regulatory requirements.

#### 5. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management:

Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel and other Senior Management shall be as per the HR Policy of the Company in force from time to time and in compliance with applicable regulatory requirements. Total remuneration comprises:

- i. Fixed Salary
- ii. Perquisites as per Company Policy.
- iii. Retirement benefits as per Company Rules and statutory requirements.
- iv. Performance linked incentive (on an annual basis) based on the achievement of pre-set KRAs.

#### **6.** Remuneration to Other Employees

The remuneration packages of other employees are also formulated in accordance with HR Policy of the Company in force from time to time. In addition to Fixed pay and variable performance pay forming part of overall salary package, employees are also provided with perquisites and retirement benefits as per the HR Policy of the Company and statutory requirements, where applicable.

#### 7. Disclosure

As per existing applicable regulatory requirements, the Remuneration Policy, shall be disclosed in the Board's Report.

#### 8. Review

The NRC shall periodically (at least on an annual basis) review the effectiveness of this Policy and recommend any revisions that may be required to this Policy to the Board for consideration and approval.

#### FORM NO. AOC – 2

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/ arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Act including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

#### 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended March 31, 2017, which were not at arm's length basis.

#### 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

The details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis for the year ended March 31, 2017 are as follows:

Sr. No	Name(s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Nature, salient features of contracts / arrangements /	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	Amount paid
		transactions			
1.	Piramal	The Company has	August 1, 2016	August 1,	Rs.1,439.69
	Enterprises	acquired identified	to October 31,	2016	crores
	Limited	assets & liabilities	2016		
	(holding company	forming part of			
	of the Company)	PEL's financial			
	('PEL')	services business			

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Ajay G. Piramal Chairman

Place: Mumbai Date: 10<sup>th</sup> May, 2017



Tel. : 91-022-2510 0718
Tel. : 91-022-2510 0698
E-mail : navnitlb@hotmail.com

brupadhyay@hotmail.com

Website: www.nlba.in

To,
The Members,
Piramal Finance Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. Webelieve that the processes and practices we followed, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Whereever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, Standard is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For N L Bhatia & Associates

UIN: P1996MH055800

**Practicing Company Secretaries** 

switched Block's

N. L. Bhatia

(Managing Partner)

FCS No: 1176

C P No.: 422

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017



Tel. : 91-022-2510 0718 Tel. : 91-022-2510 0698

E-mail: navnitlb@hotmail.com

brupadhyay@hotmail.com

Website: www.nlba.in

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017
[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule
No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel)
Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Piramal Finance Limited

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Piramal Finance Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the financial year ended on March 31, 2017complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2017 according to the provisions of:

i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules madethereunder;

ii. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 ("FEMA") and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings – Not Applicable for the financial year

- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed hereunder; Not applicable to the Company
- iv. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act')
  - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
  - b) Applicable provisions of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
  - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; Not applicable for the financial year
  - e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits)
    Regulations, 2014; Not applicable for the financial year
  - f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; Not applicable for the financial year
  - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; Not applicable for the financial year and
  - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; Not applicable for the financial year

## Other applicable Laws to the Company:

- a) Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and its circulars, Master circulars, notifications
- b) Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and its circulars, notifications
- c) Applicable provisions of Non-Banking Financial Company –Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016
- d) Anti Money Laundering Regulation issued by RBI and various circulars and Guidelines thereunder.
- e) Tax Laws
  - Service Tax Act
  - Income Tax Act, 1961

#### Employee Laws

 Payment of Gratuity Act. 1972 and Payment of Gratuity (central) Rules, 1972



- Payment Of Bonus Act, 1965 and Payment Of Bonus Rules, 1975
- Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 & the scheme provided thereunder.
- g) The States Shops and Establishment Act, 1948
- h) Negotiable Instrument Act

hatra & Associates

- i) Indian Stamp Act, 1899 and the State Stamp Acts
- j) The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the

i. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI)

During the period under review the Company was converted into a public limited Company w.e.f. December 23, 2016 and consequently the name of the Company was changed from Piramal Finance Private Limited to Piramal Finance Limited w.e.f. the date of the certificate of RoC, Maharashtra, Mumbai dated January 06, 2017.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that; The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There were no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, Board Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent adequately in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decisions are carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as the part of minutes where applicable: All the decisions have been taken unanimously and no dissent recorded in Board Meeting.

We further report that; there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations and Guidelines.

We further report that; during the audit period the Members at the Annual General Meeting held on August 03, 2016 approved and authorised the Board of Directors to;

- 1. Acquire a part of the Assets and Liabilities (forming part of Financial Services business) of Piramal Enterprises Limited, holding Company.
- 2. Increase the authorized capital of the Company from Rs. 750 crores to Rs. 3,000 crores.
- 3. Borrow an amount not exceeding Rs. 20,000 crores (Rupees Twenty thousand crores only) over and above the aggregate of the paid up share capital of the Company and its free reserves as prevailing from time to time pursuant to Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, and
- 4. Issue of Non-Convertible Debentures on Private Placement basis.

We further report that; during the audit period, the Members at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company:

- (i) Held on December 23, 2016;
  - 1. Increase the authorized capital of the Company from Rs. 3000 crores to Rs. 5000 crores;
  - 2. Conversion of Company from Private Limited to Public Limited and consequent change of the name of the Company by deletion there from the word 'Private' before the word 'Limited', and
  - 3. Adoption of New set of Articles of Association incorporating all the provisions of a public limited company.
- (ii) Held on March 15, 2017;

1. Payment of Managerial remuneration to Mr. Khushru Jijina, Managing Director.

For N L Bhatia & Associates

UIN: P1996MH055800

**Practicing Company Secretaries** 

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

N. L. Bhatia

(Managing Partner)

FCS No: 1176 C P No.: 422

# **CRS Policy**

#### PIRAMAL FINANCE LIMITED

#### 1.Statement of Intent:

Statement of IntentIndia faces enormous challenges in provision of basic public services to large parts of the population, both in rural and urban centers. The Government has, over the years, made strides in bridging gaps in supply of public services through large interventions and programmes with a national footprint. Most of these programmes have received strong budgetary support to expand their reach. However, a lot of ground is to be covered in improving the quality of these services, albeit at a reasonable cost.

The country currently benefits from a demographic dividend – the large percentage of young and income generating population is India's strength. There is, at the same time, a strong need to ensure that the youth are offered opportunities – to enhance their skills that can help the country maximize economic opportunities and to develop skills, empathy and ethical standards that would aid the process of nation building.

There is also a growing realization that complex and seemingly insurmountable social problems cannot be solved by individual organizations or a single stakeholder group. It requires different parts of the ecosystem such as funders, government, non-profits, corporates and media to work collaboratively to create long-term social change.

In doing so, Piramal Finance Limited (PFL or Company) believes that:

- It can play a meaningful role in bringing professionalism, leadership and discipline to projects in pursuit of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)
- Innovation can play a crucial role in developing 'out of the box' solutions to seemingly intractable problems
- It is crucial that any solution backed by the Company has the potential to achieve scale and be replicable across large geographies of India. In doing so, the Company will actively seek partnerships, with government and private entities, in an open source relationship that seek to maximize the impact of its solutions

The CSR policy of the Company will be guided by the core values of the Group: **Knowledge** 

- **Expertise**: We strive for a deeper understanding of our domain.
- **Innovation:** We aspire to do things creatively.

#### Action

- Entrepreneurship: We are empowered to act decisively and create value
- **Integrity:** We are consistent in our thought, speech and action.

#### Care

- Trusteeship: We protect and enhance the interests of our customers, community, employees, partners and shareholders
- **Humility:** We aspire to be the best, yet strive to be humble.

#### 2.CSR Activities:

#### **Areas of interest for Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Company has chosen the following areas for undertaking its CSR activities. These activities are covered under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013:

- 1. Promoting preventive healthcare and enabling availability of safe drinking water
- 2. Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently- abled and livelihood enhancement projects
- 3. Promoting gender equality and empowering women
- 4. Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agroforestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water
- 5. Contribution to PM National Relief Fund or any fund set up by Central Government for socioeconomic development and relief and welfare of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other backward classes, minorities and women
- 6. Contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government
- 7. Rural Development Projects

The CSR committee may recommend any of the above activities and periodically review them. These focus areas may be reviewed by the CSR Committee from time to time and maybe modified to also include such other CSR initiatives which are covered under Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended from time to time), as maybe recommended by the CSR Committee. The CSR Committee is also authorized to recommend changes in the policy, in line with the emerging societal circumstances and in consideration of changing national priorities of the government.

#### 3. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee :

#### **Composition of CSR Committee**

The Board has established a Committee of the Board as the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. The Committee comprises three directors of the Boardand its composition meets the requirements of Companies Act, 2013. The Committee will meet as frequently as desired, to review policies, discuss the strategy, review project progress and set the direction for the future.

#### Terms of reference

The terms of reference of the CSR Committee are as follows:

- 1. Recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy (and modifications thereto from time to time) which shall indicate the CSR activities to be undertaken by the Company
- 2. Approve specific projects, either new or ongoing, in pursuance of the Areas of Interest outlined in this policy
- 3. Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities

- 4. Review the progress of CSR activities being undertaken by the Company on a regular basis through discussions and field visits
- 5. Monitor the CSR Policy of the Company from time to time and institute a transparent monitoring mechanism for implementation of the CSR projects
- 6. Undertake such activities and carry out such functions as may be provided under Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 and the Rules prescribed thereunder
- 7. Identify the Companies with which the Company can collaborate for carrying its CSR activities

#### 4.Implementation:

The CSR activities of the Company are undertaken as projects or programmes or activities, either new or ongoing in line with the CSR Policy.

The Company may undertake CSR activities either directly by itself or through any of the following entities that have been established:

- a. Any one or more companies established by the Company or its Subsidiary or associate company under Section 8 of the Act
  - b. Registered Trust
  - c. Registered Society

The Company may pursue CSR Activities either on its own, including through donations or through other entities engaged in CSR activities.

Where the Company undertakes CSR Activities through an entity which is not established by the Company or its holding company or subsidiary or associate company, the entity is required to have an established track record of three years in undertaking similar programmes or projects. In such cases, the projects to be undertaken through these entities, the modalities for utilization of funds on such projects and the monitoring and reporting mechanism would be specified.

The Company may also collaborate with other companies for undertaking projects or programmes or CSR activities in such a manner that the CSR Committee of such companies are in a position to report on such projects or programmes separately in accordance with the rules laid down under the Companies Act, 2013.

The CSR Activities specified under this Policy would be undertaken only in India. As part of its overall CSR Policy, the Company implements Employee Social Impact (ESI) - its ongoing programme offering volunteering opportunities for its employees.

#### 5. Financing of projects:

The Board shall ensure that the amount spent in CSR every year is, at least, two percent of the average net profits of the Company made during the three immediately preceding financial years. The amount of net profit will be calculated in accordance with the CSR Rules prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

The expenditure on CSR eligible for the purposes of this policy shall include all expenditure on projects or programmes or activities approved by the Board on the recommendation of the CSR Committee. Any contribution to the corpus for implementation of the projects or programmes or activities will also qualify as CSR expenditure.

Any surplus arising out of the implementation of projects or programmes or activities shall not form part of the business profit of the Company. Such surplus shall be retained in the same project or

programme.

The Company may also collaborate with other companies and foundations for undertaking projects or programmes or CSR activities on a joint basis. In such an event, the Company may also accept funding support from other partners for the joint implementation.

#### 6.Review and Monitoring:

Where the CSR Activity is implemented through an entity established or controlled by the Company, the Board of Directors / Governing Board of such entity or its duly constituted Committee shall monitor the implementation of the CSR Activities for which funds are provided by the Company. The entities shall also follow practices to encourage good governance. The reports of the statutory audit and internal audit (wherever applicable) shall be presented and reviewed by the CSR Committee.

There shall be a regular monitoring and reporting of progress for implementing these projects.

In identifying any new long term programmes in future, it shall be ensured that the following are defined clearly and presented to the CSR Committee for approval:

- Programme objectives
- Needs assessment
- Solutions proposed and implementation methodology
- Potential partnership with corporates / foundations / nonprofit sector
- Implementation schedules covering timelines and milestones
- Baseline survey and criteria for impact assessment
- Measurable outcomes targeted by the project

To ensure effective implementation of the programmes undertaken in each project, a monitoring mechanism shall be put in place by each programme. This would take the form of an Impact Assessment Study on a periodic basis, through independent professional organizations. Till such time, the senior management shall internally review progress and impact and report to the CSR Committee at its next meeting. Wherever necessary, the Committee may recommend midcourse corrections to the project. Where the Company decides to undertake its CSR activities in collaboration with other Companies, the CSR committee shall periodically monitor the activities for which such donations are made.

The Company will report on the implementation of its CSR Policy every year, as may be prescribed under the CSR Rules.

## **Piramal Finance Limited**

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)
Financial Statements
together with the
Independent Auditor's Report
for the year ended 31 March 2017

## Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

Financial statements together with the Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended 31 March 2017

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Balance sheet

Statement of profit and loss

Cash flow statement

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5th Floor, Lodha Excelus, Apollo Mills Compound N. M. Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi Mumbai - 400 011 India Telephone +91 (22) 4345 5300 Fax +91 (22) 4345 5399

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

# To the Members of Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited (the "Company") (formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

### Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Auditor's responsibility (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and its profit and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 (the "Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c) the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31 March 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements (Continued)

- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. the Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position in its financial statement-refer note 32 to the financial statement;
  - ii. the Company did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts as at 31 March 2017;
  - iii. there were no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017; and
  - iv. the Company has provided requisite disclosure in the financial statement on holdings as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8 November 2016 to 30 December 2016. Based on audit procedure we report that the disclosures are in accordance with books of accounts maintained by the Company and as produced to us by the Management. Refer note 36 to the financial statements.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Mumbai

10 May 2017

Partner

Membership No: 046882

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited (Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

- i. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) The Company has a programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which all fixed assets are verified on yearly basis. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii. The Company is a service company primarily rendering non-banking financial services. Accordingly, it does not hold any physical inventories. Thus, paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable.
- iv. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act with respect to the loans and investments made.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under apply. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income tax, service tax and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us the Company did not have any dues on account of employees' state insurance, value added tax, custom duty and excise duty.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, service tax, provident fund and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2017 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited (formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited) (Continued)

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax and other material statutory dues that have not been deposited to appropriate authorities on account of dispute, except as mentioned below:

Name of the statue	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. In lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	6	AY 2012-13	Commissioner (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	176	AY 2014-15	Commissioner (Appeals)

- viii. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution, bank, government or dues to debenture holders.
- ix. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer during the year. In case of term loans, according to the information and explanations given to us and based on examination of relevant records, the term loans taken by the Company have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised.
- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, The Company has paid managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provision of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with the section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited (formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited) (Continued)

- xiv. According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the period under review. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. The Company being a NBFC is registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai 10 May 2017

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited (Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Piramal Finance Limited (the "Company") (Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited) as of 31 March 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2017.

#### Management's responsibility for internal financial controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report of even date on the financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited (Continued) (Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partne

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai 10 May 2017

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### **Balance sheet**

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	299,440	42,542
Reserves and surplus	4	38,801	18,986
		338,241	61,528
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	5	951,811	5,125
Other long-term liabilities	6	2,649	2
Long-term provisions	7	33,662	1,060
		988,122	6,187
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	8	590,740	7,500
Trade payables	9	557	896
Other current liabilities	10	114,118	1,630
Short-term provisions	7	9,042	1,088
		714,457	11,114
Total		2,040,820	78,829
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets		- X	
Tangible assets	11	278	132
Intangible assets	12	16	265
Capital work-in-progress	12	610	(e)
Non-current investments	13	1,068,663	S#2
Deferred tax assets (net)	14	14,448	816
Long-term loans and advances	15	590,959	52,151
		1,674,974	53,099
Current assets			
Current investments	13	180,315	
Cash and bank balances	16	118,785	1,401
Short-term loans and advances	15	60,930	23,752
Other current assets	17	5,816	577
		365,846	25,730
Total	9	2,040,820	78,829
Significant accounting policies	2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Piramal Finance Limited

Khushru Jijina Managing Director

0

Company Secretary

Ajay Piramal Director

Aukit Singh

Ujas Popat CFO

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Statement of profit and loss

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

	Note	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Revenue from operations	18	146,357	13,611
Other income	19	2,884	635
Total revenue	3 3	149,241	14,246
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	20	7,885	2,349
Finance costs	21	69,007	2,873
Depreciation and amortisation	11	80	50
Other expenses	22	43,036	3,248
Total expenses	7	120,008	8,520
Profit before tax		29,233	5,726
Tax expense:			
- Current tax		23,376	2,054
-Prior year tax		161	(A)
- Deferred tax (credit)		(13,632)	(50)
Profit for the year	5 8	19,328	3,722
Earning per equity share (basic and diluted) (face value INR10)	23	1.20	0.87
Significant accounting policies	2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Piramal Finance Limited** 

Khushru Jijina

Managing Director

Company Secretary

Ajay Piramal

Director

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
A.	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Profit before tax	29,233	5,726
	Adjustments:		
	Dividend on mutual fund units	(5)	(172)
	Profit on sale of investments in mutual fund units	(2,352)	*
	Depreciation and amortisation	80	50
	Net fair value changes on foreign currency loan	1,495	55
	Contingent provision against standard assets	36,124	240
	Provision on doubtful assets	805	(55)
	Fixed assets written off		1
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	65,380	5,790
	(Increase) in other current assets	(5,238)	(255)
	(Increase) / Decrease in investments	(1,247,478)	2,279
	Decrease / (Increase) in long term loans and advances	822,190	(20,026)
	(Increase) / Decrease in short term loans and advances	(37,512)	5,749
	(Decrease) / Increase in trade payables	(339)	42
	Increase / (Decrease) in other long term liabilities	12	(72)
	Increase in other current liabilities	509	ÌIÍ
	Increase in short term provisions	3,759	691
	Increase in long term provisions	415	28
	Cash used in operations	(398,302)	(5,763)
	Less: income taxes paid	(23,294)	(2,167)
	Net cash flow (used in) operating activities (a)	(421,596)	(7,930)
В	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Fixed assets purchased	(852)	(62)
	Investments in subsidiary's equity	(1,500)	(02)
	Investments in autosidiary's equity	(2,022,113)	(77,530)
	Proceeds from redemptions from mutual funds	2,024,465	77,530
	Dividends on mutual funds	2,024,403	172
	Net cash flow from investing activities (b)	5	110
С	Cash flows from financing activities		
C	Borrowings during the year	2,476,484	33,800
	Borrowings repaid during the year	(2,084,009)	(42,725)
	Proceeds from issue of equity share	146,500	(42,723)
	Net cash flow from/ (used in) financing activities (c)	538,975	(8,925)
	Net cash now from (used in) financing activities (c)	330,773	(0,723)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (a + b+c)	117,384	(16,745)
	Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year  Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	1,401 118,785	18,146 1,401
	Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:		
	Balances with banks (current account)	2,285	1,096
	Balances with banks (deposits maturing within 3 months)	116,500	305

Significant accounting policies

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Piramal Finance Limited** 

Khushru Jijina

Ankit Singh

Company Secretary

2

Managing Director

Ajay Piramal Director

Ujas Popat CFO

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

31 March 2017	31 March 2016
31 March 201/	2 Flytal Cli 2010

#### 3 Share capital

-		
<b>Authorised</b> 5000,000,000 (750,000,000) equity shares of INR 10 each	500,000	75,000
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid</b> 2,994,401,152 (425,420,000) equity shares of INR 10 each	299,440	42,542
= B	299,440	42,542

#### Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

	31 March 2017		31 March 2016	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the year	425,420,000	42,542	425,420,000	42,542
Add: Issued during the year				•
- Issued for cash	1,465,000,000	146,500		
- Issued for consideration other than cash (Refer note 26)	1,103,981,152	110,398	25	65.
At the end of the year	2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,543

#### Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. There are no restrictions on payments of dividends to equity shareholders.

On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

#### Shares held by holding company

	31 March	31 March 2017		
	Number	Amount	Number	Amoun
Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid up held by Piramal Enterprise Limited (holding company)	2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542
	2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542

#### Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

	31 March 2017		31 March 2016	
Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid up held by	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Piramal Enterprise Limited (holding company)	2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542
	2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

4	Reserves and surplus	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	Statutory reserve fund u/s 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934		
	Opening balance	3.034	2.100
	Add: Additions during the year	3,924	3,180
	Closing balance	3,866 7,790	3,924
	General reserves	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Opening balance		
	Add: Additions during the year	1,616	1,616
	Closing balance		
	Closing varance	1,616	1,616
	Cash Flow Hedging Reserve	¢.	
	Opening balance	-	2
	Add: Addditon during the year (Refer note 30)	487	×
	Closing balance	487	
	Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
	Opening balance	13,446	10,468
	Add: Profit for the year	19,328	3,722
	Appropriations:		
	Less: Transfer to statutory reserve fund u/s 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	3,866	744
	Closing balance	28,908	13,446
	Total	38,801	18,986
_			10,500
5	Long term borrowings		
	Term loans	is .	
	Secured		
	From banks		
	Rupee loan	481,326	5,125
	Foreign currency loans	48,383	
	From others	174,333	
	Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures		
	Secured	198,592	<b>a</b>
	Unsecured	49,177	*
		951,811	5,125
		751,011	3,143





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 5 Long term borrowings (Continued)

Security clause and Maturity profile of the term loans/ NCDs (including current maturities of long term borrowing)

#### A. Rupee Term Loan from Banks (Secured)

#### **Nature of Security**

First pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation on the standard movable assets including receivables and book debts, present and future

#### As at 31 March 2017

Maturities	<1 уеяг	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest 8.75-9.75%	3,750	473,011	8,314	485,076
Total	3,750	473,011	8,314	485,076

#### As at 31 March 2016

Maturities	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest				
11-11.5%	1,250	2,750	2,375	6,375
Total	1,250	2,750	2,375	6,375

#### B. Foreign Currency Non Repatriable Loans (Secured)

#### **Nature of Security**

First pari-passu charge on the movable assets including receivables present and future

#### As at 31 March 2017

Maturities	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest				
9.60-9.75%	(#)	48,383	1(*)	48,383
Total		48,383		48,383

#### C. Term Loan from others (Secured)

#### **Nature of Security**

First pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation created over secured assets

#### As at 31 March 2017

	Maturities	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest		= 628	174,333	1922	174,333
Total	68. Co. L	34/5	174,333	191	174,333
i otai	1 9 Amellood		174,000		



(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### Long term borrowings (Continued) 5

Security clause and Maturity profile of the term loans/ NCDs (including current maturities of long term borrowing) (Continued)

#### Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (Secured):

#### **Nature of Security**

First pari-passu charge by hypothecation over the movable assets and a first ranking pari passu mortgage over Specifically Mortgaged Property

#### As at 31 March 2017

<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
109,006	2,548	: <b>=</b>	111,553
	195,542	503	196,045
109,006	198,089	503	307,598
	109,006	109,006 2,548	109,006 2,548 - - 195,542 503

#### Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (Unsecured subordinated (Tier II)) E.

#### As at 31 March 2017

	Maturity	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest		· ·	79 <b>6</b> 3	49,177	49,177
9.55% Total		300		49,177	49,177
COMM					





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

31 March 2017

31 March 2016

6 Other long-term liabilities

Lease equalisation Forward Contract Payable

2,636 2,649

#### 7 Provisions

31 March 20	17	31 March 201	6
Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
316	48	30	12
4			13
167	54		692 27
90	266	۵,	8
482	4,756	67	739
33,180	4,286	993	349
33,180	4,286	993	349
33,662	9,042	1,060	1,088
	Long Term  316  167  482  33,180  33,180	316 48 4,388 167 54 266 482 4,756 33,180 4,286 33,180 4,286	Long Term         Short Term         Long Term           316         48         30           4,388         30           4,388         37           266         -           482         4,756         67           33,180         4,286         993           33,180         4,286         993





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

8	Short term borrowings	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	Working Capital Demand Loan (secured)		
	-From banks		
	Rupee loans	19,496	7,500
	(Secured by first pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation on the standard moveable assets including receivables and book debts ,present and future)	5,120	7,300
	Term loan (Unsecured)		
	-From banks		
	Foreign currency loans	14,629	<u> </u>
	Others (Unsecured)		
	Commercial papers (net of unamortised discount of Rs.5,885 (previous year- Rs.Nil))	556,615	
			*
		590,740	7,500
9	Trade payables		
	Trade payable		
	- Payable to Micro & Small suppliers (Refer Note 31)	9	(24)
	- Payables to others	557	896
		557	896
10	Other current liabilities		
	Current maturities of long term debt (Refer Note 5)	112,756	1,250
	Advance received	393	22
	Dues to holding company	÷.	53
	Interest accrued but not due	•	110
	Forward contract payable	473	=
	Taxes payable Payable to employees	456	83
	r ayable to employees	40	112
		114,118	1,630





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued) as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 11 Tangible fixed assets

		Gross Block				Depreciation	Depreciation / amortisation		Not Block
	As at	As of Additions during the D. L. C. L.	2						THE DIOCK
	1 April 2016	year year	nons during the	As at 31 Mar 2017	As at	Charge for the year	Charge for the year Deductions during the	Asat	Asat
11: 4:00				102 1011 10	יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי		year	31 Mar 2017	31 Mar 2017
Land & building	K	16	9	16	į	7			
Office equipment	4	16	•	09	¥ -		,	•	16
Computer	24	48		8 1	*	10	ĸ	14	46
Computer Server		07	0)	72	14	12	ε	26	46
	C.	35		35	53	2	. 01		2 ;
rumme	11	30	٠	41	•			7	25
Leasehold Improvments	201	08	1 10	7 6		7	c	2	38
	000			187	130	53	(4)	183	86
	007	577		505	148	62	•	737	CHE
								177	9/7
Description									
		Gross Block				Depreciation	Depreciation / amortisation		Mat Diagl
	As at	Additions during the Deductions during the	tions during the	*****	* <del>*</del>				NOOR DINCK
	l April 2015	Vear	our Same	73 M. 2017	AS at	Charge for the year	Charge for the year Deductions during the	As at	Asat
			year	51 Mar 2016	1 April 2015		year	31 Mar 2016	31 Mar 2016
Office equipment	7	37	12	V	-	•			
Computer	23	v	ų	F	<b>-</b>	3	140	4	40
Furniture		י ר	4	24	=	9	8	14	10
	8	∞	**	Ξ	0	0		c	
Leasehold Improvments	189	12	1(8)	201	68	) IV	e 9	0 .	
	222	69	,	COCC			¥ ()	130	71
		70	4	087	101	20	60	148	132

# Intangible fixed assets and Capital WIP

Describuon		Gross Block				Depreciation / amortisation		T. N.	Not Died.
	As at 1 April 2016	As at Additions during the Deductions during the 2016 year year	during the year	As at 31 Mar 2017	As at 1 April 2016	٠Ę	21 14		As at
Computer software	0	17	,	17	0	1	Jean Ji Mar J		31 Mar 2017
Total-I	0	17	•Z.	17	0	1	5	-	16
Capital WIP- II	(0)	610	¥	610	(*)				610
1 Otal -1 + II	0	627		627	0	1		-	626
Description Accidental Processing	-								
A Applied Manager Manager A Manager Ma	As at 1 April 2015	Gross Block Addions during the Deductions during the	during the year	As at 31 Mar 2016	As at	Depreciation / amortisation Charge for the year Deductions during the	-		Net Block
Computer software	0	n	×	0	0	0	year 31 Mar 2016	0	MAIN
ON ACCO	0	#II	•	C		<			

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(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 13 Investments

	31 March		31 March 2	
	Non current *	Current	Non current *	Curr
Investments in subsidiaries (Unquoted) (fully paid up)				
15,000,000 (Previous Year Nil) Equity share of INR 10 each in Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	1,500	i	¥	
	1,500			-
investments in Debentures (Quoted) (fully paid up)				
Redcemable Non-Convertible Debentures				
9,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Century Joint Developers Private Limited	17,227	1,500	:8:	2
,168 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Three C Green Developers Private Limited	2,060	4,406		5
11,011 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in VGN Developers Private Limited	13,854	8,100	9	=
5,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Essel Green	16,122		Æ	•
16 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	22,002			
1,600 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in SPR	4,350	7,250		
	75,615	21,256		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
rvestments in Debentures (Unquoted) (fully paid up) edeemable Optionally Convertible Debentures scured				
.125 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Navayuga Road rojects Private Limited SR - 1	980	41,171		
905 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Regen frastructure Private Limited	16,557	2,672	× +:	s
<u></u>	16,557	43,843		
edecmable Non-Convertible Debentures (fully paid up)				
240 (Pravious Vers Nil) of IND 1 000 000				
240 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Adarsh Haven ivate Limited	12,400	<b>.</b>	<b>38</b> 6	*
,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Akarshak Realty ivate Limited	14,711	5 MP	c 181	#
(Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Akarsh Residency vate Limited	7,727	120		25
0 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Akshar Space vate Limited	6,735	760	ig.	1,97
220 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Akshaya Private	7,474	1,620	*	· -
8 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each iл Alekhya operty Developments Private Limited	10,702	8	ē.	:≝:
58 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Arihant Unitech alty Projects Limited	2,800	558		-3
94 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Arun Excello mes Private Limited	21,299	2,639	×	30
of Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Arun Excello alty Private Limited	15,914	1,097	2	12
ver Private Limited ver Private Limited ver Private Limited	15,250	-	E 979	
yate Limited 98\$ (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in ATS Heights vate Limited	21,405	688 Co.		INAN
175 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in ATS Homes	19,761	Lodha Excelus,	100/	36

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 13 Investments (Continued)

	31 Marc	h 2017	31 March 2	2016
	Non current *	Current	Non current *	Curre
15,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in ATS Homes	11,361	4,175	2	S.
8,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in ATS Real Estate	18,500	*	40	==
,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Baashyaam Constructions Private Limited	2,999	Ë	B)	
,300 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Baashyaam Constructions Private Limited	2,905	367	· (2)	2
00 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Baashyaam Constructions Private Limited	300	2		*
,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Baashyaam Constructions Private Limited	1,999	¥	846	8
8,700 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Bestech India rivate Limited	18,260	283	S#2	*
,460 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 88,000 each in Bhaveshwar roperties Private Limited	1,380	1,080	30	100
6,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Century Real state Holdings Private Limited	15,918	189	(#)	*
7,900 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Century Real state Holdings Private Limited 650 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Dosti Realty	19,803	162		-
imited  Of INR 1,000,000 each in Ekta Housing	9,566	) <u>**</u>	: <del>-</del>	¥1
rivate Limited  171 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Ekta Parksville	4,588	2,356	3	1.83
omes Private Limited  O (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Emami Realty	7,627	3,844	•	*
rivate Limited 0,230,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100 each in Essem Infra	7,966	2,000	2	828
rivate Limited 2,530 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Evic Real Estate	13,106 12,002	6,023 803	*	(2)
rivate Limited 727 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Flagship	8,167	503		(*)
frastructure Private Limited 6 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Forum Homes	6,044	4,494		(2) () (4)
ivate Limited 750 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Golden Homes	5,619	1,066	20	
ivate Limited 300 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Good Earth Eco	6,614	400	· e	
svelopment Private Limited 5 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Haldhar	12	6,569	9	
svelopers Private Limited 100 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Ideal Real Estate ivate Limited	2,933	4,000		÷
vate Linned 100 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Jaykali velopers Private Limited	5,844	<u>g</u>		
voloper Frivate Limited  Of (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Kanakia King te Construction Private Limited	8,602	ne:	×	ş
(Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Kanakia Spaces	5,800	·	1.5	*:
(Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Kanakia Spaces	1,080	5,800	? <b>.</b>	1.5
3 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Keystone altors Private Limited	14,184	2,875	9	
(Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Keystone	5,985	1,762	<u> </u>	
(Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Kothari Auto	10,000	æ:	×	828
(Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Kothari Auto ts Manufacturers Private Limited	10,600	•	ê	(#5
(Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Kothari Auto	14,500	R&CO.	2	
783,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100 each in Kumar Agro ducts Private Limited	30,557	3,137:0/, Lnuhz Facelus	=	KINANG
500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Logix City relopers Private Limited	7,711	Apullo 14,688 ompound,	¥:	E (MALKABA

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency : Rs. in lakhs)

#### 13 Investments (Continued)

	31 March 20	017	31 March 2	016
	Non current *	Current	Non current *	Current
15,671 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Manjeera Retail	14,263	1,409		
Holdings Private Limited 17,551 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Mantri	17,458		*	(90
Developers Private Limited 1,244,200 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000 each in Marvet Mega	12,153	140	2	
Realtors Private Limited 22,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in NCL Industries	21,994		20	100
Limited 4,200 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Neelkanth		2.400	-	
Vinayak Realtors Private Limited 13,069 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Nilkanth Tech	1,800	2,400	5	
Park Private Limited	9,830	3,092	*	
5,876 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Nilkanth Tech Park Private Limited	4,322	1,556	5	25
6,061 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Niraj Kumar Associates Private Limited	5,961	-	•	:
165 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Nirmal Lifestyle Limited	10,997	5,364	5	
4,420 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in North Town Estate Private Limited	4,336	2	E	8
197 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Omkar City Developers Private Limited	19,518	*	π − €	2
I,465 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Omkar Realtors and Developers Private Limited	14,518	<b>=</b>	2	
2,269 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Omkar Realtors	22,690	*	<b>⊘e</b> :	*
and Developers Private Limited 18,910 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Ornate Spaces	19,402	2	15	€
Private Limited 8,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Ozone Infra	9,501	×	(#E	*
Developers Private Limited 21,223 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Paranjape	20,734	342	(*)	9
Schemes Construction Limited 9,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Pheonix Hodu	6,700	2,714	:€:	
Developers Private Limited 5,267 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Phoenix Embassy	5,111		*	
Tech Zone Private Limited 10,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Prateek	9,880	5		2
Infraprojects India Private Limited 175 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Raghuleela	16,385	1,000		
Leasing and Construction Private Limited 54 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Rajesh Estate and	10,000			
Nirman Private Limited	•	2,700	940	
80 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Rajesh Estate and Nirman Private Limited		4,000	35	*
110 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in RD Buildtech & Developers (Karnataka) Private Limited	10,704	(Per	S#3	\$
15,899 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Reliance Big Limited	14,675	2,066	(#C)	*
12,126 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Runwal Homes Private Limited	10,800	1,326	120	<del>3</del>
2,564,800 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000 each in Sanghi Industries Limited	25,384	191	381	*
9,318 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Sarvavasa	9,216		, <del>*</del> /	ž:
Buildtech and Farms Private Limited 21,270 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Sarvavasa	21,085	25	74	4
Buildtech and Farms Private Limited 80 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Security and	6,464	1,333	e	
Intelligence Services (India) Limited 3,250 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Shreeniwas	33,568	•		ı.
Cotton Mills Private Limited 200 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Siddhi Raj	1,943	2 & Cc	V. 11.	**
Housing Projects Private Limited 1,200,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000 each in Smaaash	12,445	510 Floor, Louha Exce	US A	SIMANO
Entertainment Private Limited 150 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Tridhaatu	1,497	Apollo Mill Con	Mará +	( S ( Q ) Ada
Mumbai Structure Private Limited	4,427	Mamou Market	0011	Tall Tall

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 13 Investments (Continued)

	31 March 20	017	31 March 2010	5
	Non current *	Current	Non current *	Curren
301 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Tridhaatu Mumbai Structure Private Limited	2,956	182	ā	s <del>)</del>
209,800 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000 each in Wisemore Advisory Private Limited	20,989		23	22
28 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Valdel Real Estate Private Limited	2,796		•	*
25,862 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Vatika Infracon Private Limited	26,836	-	<b>2</b> 7	9
1,950 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Vatika One On One Private Limited	19,500		, <b>w</b> ;	*
13,440 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Vijay Group Housing Private Limited	9,939	3,360	5 ng	8
2,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Wadhwa Constructions & Infrastructure Private Limited	10,659	9,334	Nex	×
2,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Wadhwa Group Holdings Private Limited	14,284	10,000	*	*
23,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Reliable Exports (India) Private Limited	23,000	2	<b>3</b>	5
_	974,991	115,216		*
Total	1,068,663	180,315		-
Aggregated book value of quoted investments	75,615	21,256	3	UE:
Aggregated market value of quoted investments	75,615	21,256		()(#)
Aggregated book value of unquoted investments	993,049	159,059	=	
Aggregated amount of impairment in value of investments	Ē	· ·		

<sup>\*</sup> The non-current portion of these investments are non-trade investments





Piramal Finance Limited
(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

14	Deferred tax asset (net)	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	Deferred tax asset:		
	Depreciation on fixed assets	26	24
	Provision for compensated absence	76	22
	Provision for gratuity	126	14
	Contingent provision against standard assets	12,967	464
	Provision on sub-standard assets	12,707	291
	Deferrement of interest income due to EIR	- 297	291
	Deferrement of interest expense due to EIR	434	•
	Lease straightlining	5	16
	Net fair value changes on foreign currency loan	517	9=1
	Deferred tax asset	14,448	816
	Deferred tax liabilities	*	•
	Net deferred tax asset	14,448	816





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 15 Loans and advances

	31 March 2	017	31 March 20	16
To parties other than related parties	Long term	Short term	Long term	Short ter
Unsecured, considered good				
Security deposits	119	68	61	1
_	119	68	61	1
Loans				
Secured, considered good	586,655	57,549	49,646	17,427
-	586,655	57,549	49,646	17,427
Secured, considered doubtful	4,199	4,019	2,077	4,213
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful loans and advances	(680)	(966)	(208)	(633
<del>9</del>	3,519	3,053	1,869	3,580
Other loans and advances				
Unsecured, considered good				
Advance Tax (net of Provision of Rs.7,763, previous year Rs.10,752)	562		549	*
Cenvat credit receivable	-	144	<b>.</b>	619
Loan to employee	(0)	9	22	4
Prepaid expenses	5	107	4	9
Advance for expenses		0		2
	566	260	575	634
l'o related parties				
Insecured, considered good				
Piramal Enterprise Limited	i <del>e</del>		¥	2,100
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	100	390		2,100
	100			2,100
<u>-</u>	590,959	60,930	52,151	23,752





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

16	Cash and bank balances Cash & cash equivalent	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	Balances with banks	0	
	-In current accounts	2,285	1,096
	-In fixed deposit with original maturity less than 3 months	116,500	305
		118,785	1,401
17	Other current assets		
	Secured, considered good		
	Other receivable	4	577
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Advance Processing Charges	650	II #5
	Other Asset	1,591	>=
	To related parties		3
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Piramal Enterprise Limited	3,076	927
	Piramal Fund Management Private Limited	210	943
	Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	285	5€
		5,816	577





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

18	Revenue from operations	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	Interest income:		
	- On investments	96,718	86
	- On loans and advances	47,300	12,134
	Other financial services:		
	- Processing / arranger fees	2,339	1,391
		146,357	13,611
		140,557	13,011
19	Other income		
	Dividend income on mutual fund units	5	172
	Profit on sale of mutual fund units	2,352	528
	Other non-operating income	527	463
		2,884	635
20	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries and wages	7,340	2,165
	Contribution to provident and other fund	78	10
	Staff welfare expenses	312	150
	Other employee benefit expenses	155	24
		7,885	2,349
21	Finance costs		
		8	ii
	Interest expense	44,073	2,567
	Discount on commercial paper	23,599	<u>~</u>
	Other borrowing cost	1,335	306
		69,007	2,873





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

22 Other expenses	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	854	1,151
Contribution to Electoral Trust	350	1,131
Rent	304	67
Amenities Fees	62	60
Travelling and Conveyance	270	109
Legal and professional fees	1,159	1,526
Royalty fees	455	1,520
Electricity expense	37	16
Repairs and maintenance - others	50	18
Postage and communication	31	15
Printing and stationery	6	5
Net fair value changes on foreign currency loan	1,495	
Other expenses	1,001	86
Auditor's Remuneration	8	
- as auditor	27	9
- for other services	6	1
Contingent provision against standard assets	36,124	240
Provision on doubtful assets	805	(55)
	43,036	3,248





#### Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 1. Background

Piramal Finance Limited (formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited) ('the Company') was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on 23 February 1974 with its registered and operational office in Mumbai.

The Company was issued a registration certificate no. B-13.01420 dated 18 November 2000, by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') under section 45 – IA of the RBI Act, 1934 to commence / carry on the business of non – banking financial institution without accepting public deposits.

The Company was converted into a public limited Company w.e.f. December 23, 2016 and consequently the name of the Company was changed from Piramal Finance Private Limited to Piramal Finance Limited w.e.f. the date of the certificate of ROC, Maharashtra, Mumbai dated January 06, 2017. The primary activities of the Company involve lending / investing.

The Company has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited on 10 February 2017 which has applied for registration to commence Housing Finance business with National Housing Bank on 28 February 2017.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared and presented on the accrual basis of accounting, and comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') guidelines, as adopted consistently by the Company to the extent applicable. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees rounded off to the nearest lakhs, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of financial statement. Actual results could differ from those estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to the accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in the current and future periods.





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Current and non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

#### Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- i. it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- ii. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- iii. it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- iv. it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

#### Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- i. it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- ii. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- iii. it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- iv. the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

#### 2.4 Revenue recognition

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest rate (EIR) basis for financial assets in the statement of profit and loss, except in the case of interest on non-performing assets which is recognised on receipt basis as per income recognition and asset classification norms prescribed by RBI.

Penal interest is recognised as income on the actual basis.

Loan processing fees income is accounted for on effective interest basis. Arranger fees income is accounted for on accrual basis.

Dividend is recognised as income as and when the right to receive the payment is established.

5th Floor

#### 2.5 Borrowing Cost

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest rate basis for financial liabilities in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.6 Discount on commercial paper

The difference between issue price and redemption value of commercial paper is apportioned on time basis and recognized as discount expenses

#### 2.7 Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are carried at cost of acquisition or the revalued amount as the case may be, less accumulated depreciation and impairments, if any. Acquisition cost comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is charged over the estimated useful life of the fixed assets on straight-line basis in the manner prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 as given below:

Class of asset	Useful life
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture	10 years
Computer servers and network	6 years
Computer – end user device	3 years
Leasehold improvements	Amortised on straight line method over lease term

Individual fixed assets costing less than Rupees five thousand are depreciated fully in the year of purchase or acquisition.

The Company provides pro-rata depreciation from the day the asset is ready to use / put to use, whichever is earlier and for any asset sold, till the date of sale.

#### 2.8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible Assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their finite useful lives over the following period:

Computer Software

6 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.9 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset or of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying value, the carrying value is reduced to the recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss for the year.

If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost.

#### 2.10 Investments

Investments are classified into non-current and current based on management's intention at the time of purchase. Purchase and sale of investments are recorded at trade date. Profit / loss on sale of investment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss on the trade date. Profit or loss on the sale of investment is determined on first in first out ('FIFO') basis.

Non-current investments are carried at amortised cost less diminution in value, if any, which is other than temporary, determined separately for each individual investment.

Quoted current investments are valued at amortised cost or market value / net realisable value whichever is lower. Current investments are valued scrip-wise. Net depreciation, if any, is provided for and net appreciation, if any, is ignored.

Unquoted investments in the units of mutual funds in the nature of current investments are valued at the net asset value declared by the mutual fund in respect of each particular scheme.

#### 2.11 Loans

Loans are classified into 'performing' and 'non-performing' and are stated after deduction of specific provisions and interest in suspense, if any, in accordance with the prescribed RBI guidelines.

Non-performing loans are identified by periodic appraisals of the portfolio by management and appropriate provisions are made based on management's assessment of the degree of impairment of the loans, subject to minimum provisioning level prescribed by the Master Direction – "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016".





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.12 Employee benefits

#### Gratuity

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of the plan assets, if any, is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuations using the Project Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement, and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, is based on the market yields on government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Compensated absence

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensate absence. The employee can carry forward a portion of the unutilised accrued leave balance and utilise it in the future periods. The Company records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the service that increases the entitlement. The Company measures the expected cost of compensated absence as the amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date.

#### 2.13 Provision for standard assets

Provision on standard assets is made in line with the prudential norms prescribed by the Master Direction – "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016".

#### 2.14 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period, determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the rules framed there under) and the deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the year).

#### Current tax

Current tax expense is recognised on an annual basis under the taxes payable method, based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemption in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and Income Computation and Disclosure Standards. In case of matters under appeal due to disallowance or otherwise, full provision is made when the said liabilities are accepted by the Company.

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.14 Taxation (Continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income i.e. differences that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/ virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

#### 2.15 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year.

Number of equity shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average number of shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also weighted average number of equity shares which would have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential shares. In computing diluted earnings per share only potential equity shares that are dilutive are included.

# 2.16 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Company recognises a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of past events that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

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# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.17 Derivatives and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged and the type of hedge relationship designated.

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, which include derivatives, embedded derivatives and non-derivatives in respect of foreign currency risk, as either fair value hedges, cash flow hedges, or hedges of net investments in foreign operations. Hedges of foreign exchange risk on firm commitments are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) has issued a guidance note on Accounting for Derivative Contracts which is effective from April 1, 2016. The guidance note requires all derivative contracts and their underlying to be marked to market and tested for hedge effectiveness and the ineffective portion if any would be charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The charge/credit to the Statement of Profit and Loss will depend upon the changes in the mark to market based on the actual exchange rates prevalent at each quarter end. The exchange difference on the long-term foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities which are not covered by derivative contracts (such as dollar denominated loans) would continue to be amortised over the life of the contracts.

#### 2.18 Foreign Currency transaction

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction. Exchange differences, if any arising out of transaction settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are restated at year end rates. The resultant exchange differences, if any, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss and related assets and liabilities are accordingly restated in the balance sheet.

#### 2.19 Operating leases

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership over the leased term, are, classified as operating leases. Operating lease rentals are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.





#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 23. Earnings per share ('EPS')

Basic and diluted EPS is computed in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 'Earnings Per Share' specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013.

The computation of earnings per share is set out below:

Description	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Net profit/ loss attributable to equity shareholders Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during	19,328	3,722
the year for calculation of EPS	1,615,062,724	425,420,000
Basic and Diluted EPS of face value of INR 10	1.20	0.87

The basic and diluted EPS is same as there are no potential dilutive equity shares.

#### 24. Capital commitment

Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Undisbursed loan commitments	23,040	11,550
Total	23,040	11,550

# 25. Segment reporting

Since the Company's business activity falls under one business segment (i.e. investing and lending) and business operations are concentrated in India, no further disclosures as required by Accounting Standard 17 'Segment Reporting' specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 have been made.

# 26. Significant Transaction during the year

During the year, the Company has acquired a portion of lending portfolio comprising of loan book assets of Rs. 1,395,027 lakhs and borrowing of Rs. 1,251,058 lakhs from its holding company Piramal Enterprises Limited for a net consideration of Rs.143,969 lakhs against which Company has allotted equity shares of Rs.110,398 and the remaining amount of Rs.33,571 has been paid in cash.

# 27. Related party disclosure

Related party disclosures as required by Accounting Standard 18 - 'Related Party Disclosures' specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 are given below:-

#### (A) Holding company

(i) Piramal Enterprises Limited

#### (B) Subsidiary Company

(i) Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 27. Related party disclosure (Continued)

#### (C) Fellow subsidiaries

- (i) Piramal Fund Management Private Limited
- (ii) Piramal Asset Reconstructions Private Limited
- (iii) PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited

# (D) Other related parties where common control exists

- (i) Piramal Estates Private Limited
- (ii) India Venture Advisors Private Limited
- (iii) Piramal Corporate Services Limited
- (iv) Piramal Foundation for Educational Leadership
- (v) Piramal Swasthya Management & Research Institute
- (vi) Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited (formerly known as Aasan Developers and Constructions Private Limited).

#### (E) Key Management Personnel

(i) Mr. Khushru Jijina (Managing Director)

# (F) Transactions with related parties

Details of Transactions	For the year ended	For the year ended
A monition abayees noid	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Amenities charges paid Piramal Estates Private Limited		
		47
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited  Rent Paid	58	9
Piramal Estates Private Limited		
		47
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited Guarantee commission	243	9
Piramal Enterprises Limited	944	246
Professional fees		
Piramal Corporate Services Limited	375	74
Piramal Enterprises Limited	200	200
Donations paid		
Piramal Foundation for Education & Leadership	150	38
Piramal Swasthya Management & Research Institute	704	1,109
Investment in Equity Share	¥	
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	1,500	; <b>=</b> ()
Reimbursement of expenses		
Piramal Estates Private Limited		13
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	27	4
India Venture Advisors Private Limited		1
Piramal Fund Management Private Limited	5	1
Recovery of expenses incurred		
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	276	ж.
Remuneration to KMP		
Mr. Khushru Jijina	40	* C**
Transfer of fixed assets		
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	8	-/



# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 27. Related party disclosure (Continued)

# (E) Transactions with related parties (Continued)

Details of Transactions	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Receipt of interest		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	156	57
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Payment of interest		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	33	391
Piramal Asset Reconstructions Private Limited	7	*
PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited	31	្ន
Advance received		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	4,700	16,300
Piramal Asset Reconstructions Private Limited	190	8
PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited	490	<u>u</u>
Loan given		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	10,680	7,000
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	100	<del>-</del>
Security deposit placed		
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	73	2
Repayment of loan		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	4,700	20,100
Piramal Asset Reconstructions Private Limited	190	\ <del>.</del>
PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited	490	, <del>-</del>
Repayment of advance given		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	12,780	4,900
Employee related benefits transfer	,	,
Piramal Fund Management Private Limited	210	
Share Capital issued		
Piramal Enterprises Limited – against cash	146,500	
Piramal Enterprises Limited – against transfer of net	110,398	
assets and liabilities (Refer note 26)		
Payables		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	( <del>#</del>	53
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	30	1
Receivables		
India Venture Advisors Private Limited	Sec.	0
Piramal Enterprises Limited	3,077	2,100
PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited	1	-
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	130	56
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	385	
Piramal Fund Management Private Limited	210	

# 28. Operating lease

The company has entered into lease arrangements for certain office premises.

	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Lease payments recognised in the statement of profit and	l loss 204	76
Future minimum lease payments for non-cancellable operating leases	0 & Co	¥
Not later than one year	5th Floor, 323	68
Later than one year but not later than five years	Logha Excelus. 1030	44
Later than five years	Apolio Mills Compound. 77	- 7-
× 1	Meha Panja	

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 29. Impact due to change in accounting policy

During the year the Company has changed the accounting policy of recognizing interest income and expense from accounting based on the contracted coupon rate of instrument to their effective interest rate.

The impact is given below:

Particulars	Amount
Increase in interest income	859
Decrease in interest expenses	1,254

#### 30. Cash Flow Hedge Disclosure

#### a. Risk Management:

The Company's activities are exposed to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

The Company has an independent and dedicated Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) system to identify, manage and mitigate business risks. The Board has approved the Asset Liability Management Policy and the formation of Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO). The ALCO includes the Company's senior management and an external industry expert. It defines the strategy for managing liquidity and interest rate risks in the business.

This note explains the sources of risk which the Company is exposed to and how the Company manages the risk:

Risk	Management
Liquidity risk	ALCO deliberates on the static liquidity gap statement, future asset growth plans, tenor of assets, market liquidity and pricing of various sources of funds. It decides on the optimal funding mix taking into consideration the asset strategy and a focus on diversifying sources of funds.
Market risk - Interest rate	ALCO reviews the interest rate gap statement and the mix of floating and fixed rate assets and liabilities. The Risk Management Group has also initiated a scenario analysis to assess the short-term impact of interest rates on net interest income (NII).
Market risk - Foreign exchange	The centralised treasury function aggregates the foreign exchange exposure and takes prudent measures to hedge the exposure based on prevalent macroeconomic conditions.
Credit risk	Each investment is assessed by the investment team as well as independent risk team on the risk-return framework. The combined analysis of these teams is presented to the Investment Committee for investment decision. The risk is being partly mitigated by diversifying the lending portfolio across sectors and geographies.

#### b. Accounting for cash flow hedge

The Company has taken foreign currency floating rate borrowings which are linked to LIBOR. For managing the foreign currency risk and interest rate risk arising from changes in LIBOR on such borrowings, the Company has entered into cross-currency interest rate swap (CCIRS) for the entire loan liability. The Company has designated the CCIRS (hedging instrument) and the borrowing (hedged item) into a hedging relationship and applied hedge accounting.

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#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 30. Cash Flow Hedge Disclosure (Continued)

#### b. Accounting for cash flow hedge (Continued)

Under the terms of the CCIRS, the Company pays interest at the fixed rate to the swap counterparty in INR and receives the floating interest payments based on LIBOR in foreign currency. As the critical terms of the hedged item and the hedging instrument (notional, interest periods, underlying and fixed rates) are matching and the interest cash flows are off-setting, an economic relationship exists between the two. This ensures that the hedging instrument and hedged item have values that generally move in the opposite direction.

The CCIRS and the borrowings for one borrowing was designated into hedging relationship on 1 October 2016 and for others on 27 October 2016 which is later than the date on which the respective contracts were entered into. The gain / loss on fair valuation of CCIRS as on the date on designation has been recognised in profit or loss under the head Other Expenses (refer schedule 22).

Following table provides quantitative information regarding the hedging instrument as on March 31, 2017:

Type of hedge and risks	Nominal value	Carrying amount of hedging instruments (included under "other current and non-current financial liabilities")	Maturity date	Average contracted fixed interest rate	Changes in fair value of hedging instrument	Changes in the value of hedged item
	(Liabilities)	(Liabilities)				
Cash Flow Hedge						
Foreign currency and Interest rate risk	65,000	3,109	Aug 2017 to June 2018	9.67%	(3,606)	3,606

Following table provides the effects of hedge accounting on financial performance for the year ended March 31, 2017:

Type of hedge  Cash flow hedge	Changes in the value of hedging instruments recognised in Cash flow Hedge Reserve	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss	Line-item affected in statement of profit or loss because of reclassification
Interest Rate risk and	3,606	1,992	Finance Cost
Foreign Exchange Risk		(2,101)	Foreign Exchange (gain)/loss

Following table provides movements in cash flow hedge reserve:

Particulars	Amount
As on March 31, 2016	
Changes in fair value of CCIRS	(3,606)
Amounts reclassified to profit or loss	4,093
As on March 31, 2017 (Refer Schedule 4)	487





#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 31. Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, ('MSMED') which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records including confirmations sought from suppliers on registration with specified authority under MSMED; no amounts relating to principal and interest were due or remained outstanding as at 31 March 2017. There have been no reported cases of delay in payments in excess of 45 days to micro, small and medium enterprises or of interest payments due to delay in such payments.

#### 32. Contingent liabilities

Claim against the Company not acknowledged as debt	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Dues towards Income Tax for AY 2012-2013	6	6
Dues towards Income Tax for AY 2014-2015	176	
Letter of Comfort issued by the Company	1400	-

The Company is of the view that the above demands may not devolve on the Company and hence no provision has been made.

The Company has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At year end the Company has reviewed and ensured that adequate provision as required under any law / accounting standards for material foreseeable losses on such long term contracts has been made in the books of accounts.

The Company has also reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed the contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.

During the year, the Company has issued Letter of Comfort of Rs.1,400 lakhs to Keystone Realtors Pvt Ltd.

#### 33. Provision for standard assets

A general provision at 0.35% (Previous year 0.30%) of the outstanding standard assets, has been made as prescribed by RBI vide its Master Direction – "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016". The company has also made additional provision at 1.65% (Previous year 1.70%) on standard assets. The rate of additional provision is based on the management estimate of future expected losses in loan portfolio. This provision has been disclosed as "Contingent provision against standard assets" in the balance sheet.





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 34. Employee benefits

I. Principal actuarial assumptions	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Discount rate	7.22%	7.72%
Salary escalation rate	9.00%	9.00%
Attrition rate	10.00%	17.00%

II. Change in defined benefit obligation and assets over the year ended	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Present value of defined benefit obligation as at the beginning of the	42	18
year		
Interest cost	3	1
Current service cost	12	3
Liability transferred in	169	
Past service cost incurred during the year	8	ž
Benefit paid	(5)	-
Actuarial (gains) / losses on obligation	27	20
Present value of the benefit obligation as at the end of the current period	363	42

III. Amount recognised in the balance sheet	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period		#
(Present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the end of the year)	(363)	(42)
Funded status	(363)	(42)
Unrecognised past service cost at the end of the year	: e:	-
Net (liability)/ asset recognised in the balance sheet	(363)	(42)

IV. Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Current service cost	12	3
Interest cost	3	1
Actuarial (gains) / losses	132	20
Past service cost recognised during the year	8	2
Expense recognised in statement of profit and loss	155	24

V. Movement in net (liability) recognised in the balance sheet	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Opening net liability	42	18
Expense as above	155	24
Net transfer in	169	=
(Net transfer out)	*	<del>-</del>
(Benefit paid)	(5)	=
(Benefit paid on account of settlement)	<u> </u>	-
Net liability/ (asset) recognised in the balance sheet	363	42

VI. Experience adjustment	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2013
On plan liability (gains)/ losses	105	21	6	1	141
On plan assets (losses)/ gains	%#E	5 <b>4</b> 5	:	5	-





#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 35. Expenditure in Foreign currency

	Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
(i)	Subscription and Membership	22	120
(ii)	Professional Fess	2	-
(iii)	Annual License Fees	299	•

#### 36. Specified Bank Notes

The details of specified Bank Notes (SBNs) held and transacted during the period 08 November 2016 to 30 December 2016 as provided in the Table below:

Particulars	SBNs	Other denomination notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08 November 2016	-	2	2
(+) Permitted receipts	¥	2	2
(-) Permitted payments	5	3	3
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	¥	940	<b>4</b>
Closing cash in hand as on 30 December 2016		1	1

#### 37. Remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel

Particulars	Name of Director	31 March 2017	31 March 201
Gross Salary	Khushru Jijina		
(a) Salary as per provisions		40	
contained in Section 17(1) of			
the Income-tax Act, 1961			
(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2)		-	
of the Income-tax Act, 1961			
(c) Profits in lieu of salary under			
Section 17(3) of the Income tax			
Act, 1961			
		40	
Total		40	

#### 38. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure

Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Contribution to Piramal Swasthya Management and Research Institute	704	1,109
Contribution to Piramal Foundation for Education Leadership	150	38
Total	854	1,147
Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	144	151
Amount spent during the year		
(i) Construction/acquisition of an asset	-	:: <del>*</del> :
(i) On purposes other than (i) above	854	1,147





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 39. Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures

(i) Disclosures as required in terms of Annex I of Master Direction – "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016".

Particulars	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Liabilities side :	outstanding as at 31 March 2017	overdue as at 31 March 2017	outstanding as at 31 March 2016	overdue as at 31 March 2016
Loans and advances availed by the non-banking financial company			31 Maion 2010	31 Majeli 2010
inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid;				
(a) Debentures: Secured	307,598	÷		
:Unsecured	49,177	-	-	
(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits*)				
(b) Deferred credits			5 <b>3</b> (	
(c) Term loans	741,917	-	13,985	
(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	2	7-		
(e) Commercial Paper	556,615		-	
(f) Public Deposits*	12	~		
(g) Other loans (Unsecured)  * Please see Note 1 below	N.	9	:E1	

	Assets Side :	Amount outstanding as at 31st March 2017	utstanding as March 2016
2	Break-up of loans and advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (3) below:] (Amount gross of provision)		
	(a) Secured	652,422	73,362
	(b) Unsecured	100	
3	Break up of leased assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities		
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:		
	(a) Financial lease	<b>.</b>	
	(b) Operating lease		
	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:		
	(a) Assets on hire	( <b>#</b> )	
	(b) Repossessed assets	•	_
	(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities	753	
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed		_
	(b) Loans other than (a) above		je česki i i

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 39. Additional Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

	Assets Side :			t outstanding 31st March 20		Amount outsta at 31st Ma	
4	Break-up of investments:						
	Current investments:						
	1. Quoted:						
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity				<b>#</b>		2.5
	(b) Preference				*		10
	(ii) Debentures and bonds			21,2	56		8
	(iii) Units of mutual funds				*		
	(iv) Government securities				<b>:=</b> 0		02
	(v) Others (please specify)						93
5	2. Unquoted:						
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity						
	(b) Preference				-		
	(ii) Debentures and bonds			159,0	59		
	(iii) Units of mutual funds				·		
	(iv) Government securities				( <del>)</del>		
	(v) Others (please specify)				(≆)		
	Long term investments:						
	1. Quoted:						
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity (b) Preference				:#0		
	(ii) Debentures and bonds			75,6	515		
	(iii) Units of mutual funds				0.5º2		
	(iv) Government securities				· -		
	(v) Others (please specify)				·		
	2. Unquoted :						
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity			1,5	500		
	(b) Preference				<u> </u>		
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds			991,	548		
	(iii) Units of mutual funds				2		
	(iv) Government Securities						
	(v) Others (please specify)				*		
5	Borrower group-wise classification of	assets financed	as in (2) and (	3) above :			
5	Please see Note 2 below	455005 1111111100	(=) (				
	Category (Amount net of provision)	As at 3	31st March 20	017	As a	t 31st March 20	16
	Category (Amount not of provident)		Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured	Tot
	1. Related Parties **						
	(a) Subsidiaries	-	100	100	×	•	
	(b) Companies in the same group	-	-	-	8	*	
1	(c) Other related parties			2	÷	9.9	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT
s ound.	2. Other than related parties	650,776	皇	650,776	71,181	*	71.18
nound, ara.	Total	650,776	100	650,876	71,181		1/21/18

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 39. Additional Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

6	Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted)								
	Please see note 3 below								
	Category	As at 31st Ma	arch 2017	As at 31st March	As at 31st March 2016				
		Market Value / Break up or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provision)	Market Value / Break up or fair value or NAV	Book Value (Net of Provision)				
	1. Related Parties **								
	(a) Subsidiaries	1,500	1500	-	1				
	(b) Companies in the same group	2€7	-						
	(c) Other related parties	3 <del>-</del> 8	146	-					
	2. Other than related parties	1,247,478	1,247,478	-					
	Total	1,247,478	1,248,978						

\*\* As per accounting standard 18 of ICAI

(7) Other	information		
	Particulars	Amount as at 31 March, 2017	Amount as at 31 March, 2016
(i)	Gross non-performing assets	-	<u> </u>
	(a) Related parties	X#0	
	(b) Other than related parties	8,219	6,290
(ii)	Net non-performing assets	3∰:	
	(a) Related parties	(+	â
	(b) Other than related parties	6,573	5,449
(iii)	Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	39	

#### Notes:

- 1 As defined in point xix of paragraph 3 of Chapter -2 of these Directions.
- 2 Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in these Directions.
- 3 Market value/break up or fair value or NAV is taken as same as book value in case of unquoted investments and quoted investments in absence of market value / break up or fair value or NAV.
- (ii) Disclosures as required in terms of Annex XII of Master Direction "Non-Banking Financial Company Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016".

#### Capital to risk- assets ratio ('CRAR')

Items		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
(i)	CRAR (%)	20.59%	70.85%
(ii)	CRAR – Tier I capital (%)	16.75%	69.32%
(iii)	CRAR – Tier II capital (%)	3.84%	1.53%
(iv)	Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital	50,000	÷.
(v)	Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instruments	쓸	2





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 39. Additional Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### **Investments**

Items	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
1. Value of Investments		
(i) Gross value of investments		
(a) In India	1,248,978	
(ii) Provisions for depreciation		
(a) In India	13 <del>4</del> 1	
(iii) Net Value of investments		
(a) In India	1,248,978	-
2. Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
(i) Opening Balance	( <del>-</del>	
(ii) Add: Provisions made during the year	-	
(iii) Less: write off / write back of excess provisions during the year	<b>30</b> 0	28
(iv) Closing Balance		

#### Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap

Sr. No.	Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
(i)	The notional principal of swap agreements	65,000	2
(ii)	Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfill their obligations under the agreements	-	
(iii)	Collateral required by the applicable NBFC upon entering into swaps	-	-
(iv)	Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	*	*
(v)	The fair value of the swap book	62,898	98

#### **Risk Exposure in Derivatives**

SI. No.	Particular	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives
(i)	Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)		
	For hedging	65,000	114
(ii)	Marked to Market Positions [1]		
a)	Asset (+)	(#)	, ( <del>-</del>
b)	Liability (-)	3,109	(Se
(iii)	Credit Exposure [2]	65,000	:-
(iv)	Unhedged Exposures	(#3	9-





#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 39. Additional Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

	1 day to 30/31 days	Over one month to 2 months	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Liabilities									
Borrowings- from banks (current year)	5,293	_	54,242	14,941	7,997	480,831	494	-	563,795
Borrowings from banks (previous year)	(313)	(-)	(-)	(3,312)	(5,125)	(2,750)	(2,375)	(-)	(13,875)
Market borrowings (current year)	87,197	243,240	166,956	78,954	106,292	276,170	20,011	49,680	1,028,500
Market borrowings (previous year)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Foreign Currency Liabilities (current year)	æ:	5		Ā	14,629	£.	48,383	-	63,012
Foreign Currency Liabilities (previous year)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Assets									
Advances (current year)	3,339	786	8,674	13,342	34,562	269,433	234,426	88,366	652,928
Advances (previous year)	(435)	(996)	(2,315)	(7,556)	(8,265)	(34,111)	(19,177)	(2,634)	(75,489)
Investments (current year)	25,572	3,549	14,483	27,241	109,471	688,782	342,965	36,915	1,248,978
Investments (previous year)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

Note: Amount shown in the tables are gross figures without netting off the provision

#### Exposures to real estate sector

Cate	gory	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
(a)	Direct exposure		
(i)	Residential mortgages-		
	Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented; Individual housing loans upto Rs. 15 lakh may be shown separately)	₽	*
(ii)	Commercial real estate-		
	Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises, multifamily residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) limits	1,664,488	53,712
(iii)	Investments in mortgage backed securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures-		
	a. Residential	¥	=
	b. Commercial real estate	=	· 12
(b)	Indirect exposures		
	Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs.)	1,500	(t

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 39. Additional Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

(iii) Additional disclosures as required in terms of Annex XII of Master Direction – "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016"

#### **Exposure to Capital Market**

	Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	
(i)	direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;		ā	
(ii)	advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;		5	
(iii)	advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security;		-	•
(iv)	advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds 'does not fully cover the advances;			
(v)	secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers;		2. <del>4</del> 9	4.
(vi)	loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;		=	
(vii)	bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	; <u>•</u> ;	.( <del>g</del> .	e:
(viii)	all exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	-	9	e
Total Expo	sure to Capital Market	78,901	et.	





# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 39. Additional Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

(iv) Additional disclosures as required in terms of Annex XII of Master Direction - "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016"

#### **Provisions and Contingencies**

Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies shown in	31 March 17	31 March 16
Profit and Loss Account	31 Maten 17	31 Water 10
Provisions for depreciation on investment	-	
Provision towards NPA	805	(55)
Provision made towards Income tax	9905	2,004
Provision for standard assets	36,124	240

#### Concentration of advances

Particulars	31 March 17	31 March 16
Total advances to 20 largest borrowers*	546,346	71,299
Percentage of advances to 20 largest borrowers to total	28.76%	97.19%
advances		

<sup>\*</sup>includes loan and investments

#### Concentration of exposures

Particulars	31 March 17	31 March 16
Total Exposure to 20 largest borrowers*	549,470	88,955
Percentage of exposures to 20 largest borrowers to total	28.56%	97.37%
exposure		

<sup>\*</sup>includes loan, investments, capital commitment and letter of comfort

#### Concentrations of NPA

Particulars	31 March 17	31 March 16
Total Exposure top 4 NPA accounts	8,219	6,290

#### Sector wise NPAs

Sr. No. Sector		Sector	Percentage of NPAs to total advance	es in that sector
			31-Mar-17	31-Mar-16
1		Agriculture & allied activities	0%	0%
2		MSME	0%	0%
3		Corporate borrowers	0%	0%
	a	Real Estate	0%	3.93%
	b	Education	57.90%	32.64%
4		Services	0%	0%
5		Unsecured personal loans	0%	0%
6		Auto loans	0%	0%
7		Other personal loans	0%	0%





#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 39. Additional Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### **Movement of NPAs**

TOVCIII	CIII OI 141 AS		
Particulars		31 March 17	31 March 16
(i)	Net NPA to net advances (%)	0.35%	7.66%
(ii)	Movement of NPAs (Gross)		
( )	(a) Opening balance	6,290	8,954
	(b) Additions during the year	4,100	
	Subtotal (1)	10,390	8,954
	(c) Reductions during the year due to		
	recoveries	(2,171)	(2,664)
	Subtotal (2)	(2,171)	(2,664)
	(d) Closing balance (1-2)	8,219	6,290
(iii)	Movement of NPAs (Net)		
	(a) Opening balance	5,449	8,058
	(b) Additions during the year	3690	-
	(c) Reductions during the year	(2,566)	(2,609)
	(d) Closing balance	6,573	5,449
(iv)	Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding		
	provision on standard asset)		
	(i) Opening Balance	840	895
	(ii) Additions during the year	1234	354
	Subtotal (1)	2074	1249
	(iii) Reductions during the year		
	Write back of excess provision on	(428)	(409)
	account of reduction in NPAs		
	Subtotal (2)	(428)	(409)
	(iv) Closing balance (1-2)	1,646	840

#### (iv) Draw Down from Reserves

There is no drawdown of reserves during the year ended March 31, 2017.

#### (v) Registration/licence/authorisation obtained from other financial sectors regulators-

The Company has not obtained any registration/licence/authorization from any financial sector regulator other than Reserve Bank of India.

#### (vi) Rating assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of rating during the year

Credit ratings assigned to the borrowings of the Company are as under

Nature of Borrowings	Rating Agency	Ratings Assigned
NCD	ICRA Limited	[ICRA]AA
Commercial Paper	ICRA Limited	[ICRA]A1+

There has been no migration of ratings during the year ended 31 March 2017.

#### (vii) Structured product issued

The Company has not issued any structured product during the year ended 31 March 2017





#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 39. Additional Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### Penalties/fines imposed by RBI and other banking regulatory bodies (viii)

No penalty was imposed by RBI or any other banking regulatory bodies during the year ended 31 March 2017

(ix) Area, Country of operation & Joint Venture Partners with regard to joint ventures and overseas subsidiaries.-

The Company does not have any joint ventures and overseas subsidiaries.

(x) Extent of financing of parent company product

The Company has not financed any parent company product.

(xi) Details of off-balance sheet SPV's sponsored

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet SPV's sponsored.

(xii) **Disclosure of Complaints** 

There are no customer complaints received during the year.

(xiii) Securitisation/ assignment transactions

> The Company had not entered into any securitization / assignment transaction during the year ended 31 March 2017.

- (xiv) The Company has not purchased/ sold any non-performing financial assets during the year ended 31 March 2017.
- (xv) The Company has not exceeded the applicable SBL/GBL during the year ended 31 March 2017.
- (xvi) The Company has not taken any Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives during the year ended 31 March 2017.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Piramal Finance Limited** 

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Khushru Jijina

Managing Director

Company Secretary

Ajay Piramal

Jord c

Director

**Ujas Popat** 

CFO

Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)
Consolidated Financial Statements
together with the
Independent Auditor's Report
for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Consolidated Financial statements together with the Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### Contents

Independent Auditor's Report

Balance sheet

Statement of profit and loss

Cash flow statement

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5th Floor, Lodha Excelus, Apollo Mills Compound N. M. Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi Mumbai - 400 011 Telephone +91 (22) 4345 5300 Fax +91 (22) 4345 5399

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

# To the Members of Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") (formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited) and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group"), comprising of the Consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and the Consolidated Cash Flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated financial statements").

#### Management's responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements in terms of requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 ('hereinafter referred to as the Act') that give true and fair view of the Consolidated financial position, Consolidated financial performance and Consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The respective Board of Directors of the company included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of Consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

# Independent Auditor's Report (Continued) Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Auditor's responsibility (Continued)

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Holding Company's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Holding Company's Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2017, and its consolidated profit and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements;
- b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Group so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- the Consolidated balance sheet, the Consolidated statement of profit and loss, and the Consolidated cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of Consolidated financial statements;
- d) in our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

#### **Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)** Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements (Continued)

- on the basis of written representations received from the directors of the Group as on 31 March 2017 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of each Company, none of the directors of the Group companies is disqualified as on 31 March 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure"; and
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. the Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position in its financial statement-refer note 32 to the consolidated financial statement;
  - ii. the Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts as at 31 March 2017;
  - iii. there were no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group during the year ended 31 March 2017; and
  - iv. the Group has provided requisite disclosure in the financial statement on holdings as well as dealings in Specified Bank Notes during the period from 8 November 2017 to 30 December 2017. Based on audit procedure we report that the disclosures are in accordance with books of accounts maintained by the Group and as produced to us by the Management. Refer note 36 to the consolidated financial statements.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai 10 May 2017

# Annexure to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the consolidated financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over consolidated financial statement as of 31 March 2017, in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's responsibility for internal financial controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Group's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Group's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Group's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

# Annexure to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the consolidated financial statements of Piramal Finance Limited

(Formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited) (Continued)

#### Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Group has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai 10 May 2017

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Consolidated Balance sheet

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	299,440	42,542
Reserves and surplus	4	38,801	18,986
·		338,241	61,528
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	5	951,811	5,125
Other long-term liabilities	6	2,649	2
Long-term provisions	7	33,661	1,060
	14	988,121	6,186
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	8	590,740	7,500
Trade payables	9	563	896
Other current liabilities	10	114,119	1,630
Short-term provisions	7	9,042	1,088
		714,464	11,114
Total	-	2,040,826	78,829
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	11	286	132
Intangible assets	12	16	*
Capital work-in-progress	12	610	/#S
Non-current investments	13	1,067,163	( <del>2</del> )
Deferred tax assets (net)	14	14,447	816
Long-term loans and advances	15	590,860	52,151
	2	1,673,382	53,099
Current assets			
Current investments	13	180,315	
Cash and bank balances	16	120,385	1,401
Short-term loans and advances	15	60,930	23,752
Other current assets	17	5,814	577
	-	367,444	25,730
Total	-	2,040,826	78,829
Significant accounting policies	2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Piramal Finance Limited** 

Khushru Jijina

Managing Director

Andit Singh

Company Secretary

Director

**Ujas Popat** CFO

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Consolidated statement of profit and loss

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

	Note	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Revenue from operations	17	146,357	13,611
Other income	18	2,892	635
Total revenue		149,249	14,246
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	19	7,885	2,349
Finance costs	20	69,007	2,873
Depreciation and amortisation	11	80	50
Other expenses	21	43,042	3,248
Total expenses	5 9	120,014	8,520
Profit before tax		29,235	5,726
Tax expense:			
- Current tax		23,375	2,054
-Prior year tax		161	*
- Deferred tax (credit)		(13,632)	(50)
Profit for the year	# !*	19,331	3,722
Earning per equity share (basis and diluted) (face value INR10)	23	1.20	0.87
Significant accounting policies	2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Piramal Finance Limited

Khushru Jijina Managing Director

Ujas Popat

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Consolidated Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
A.	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Profit before tax Adjustments:	29,235	5,726
	Dividend on mutual fund units	(5)	(172)
	Profit on sale of investments in mutual fund units	(2,352)	-
	Depreciation and amortisation	81	50
	Contingent provision against standard assets	36,124	240
	Provision on doubtful assets	805	(55)
	Net fair value changes on foreign currency loan	1,495	-
	Fixed assets written off		1
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	65,383	5,790
	(Increase) in other current assets	(5,238)	(255)
	(Increase) / Decrease in investments	(1,247,478)	2,279
	Decrease / (Increase) in long term loans and advances	822,290	(20,026)
	(Increase) / Decrease in short term loans and advances	(37,512)	5,749
	(Decrease) / Increase in trade payables	(333)	42
	Increase / (Decrease) in other long term liabilities	12	(72)
	Increase in other current liabilities	510	11
	Increase in short term provisions	3,759	691
	Increase in fixed deposit	(1,500)	· ·
	Increase in long term provisions	415	28
	Cash used in operations	(399,692)	(5,763)
	Less: income taxes paid	(23,294)	(2,167)
	Net cash flow (used in) operating activities (a)	(422,987)	(7,930)
В	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Fixed assets purchased	(859)	(62)
	Investments in mutual funds	(2,022,113)	(77,530)
	Proceeds from redemptions from mutual funds	2,024,464	77,530
	Dividends on mutual funds	5	172
	Net cash flow from investing activities (b)	1,497	110
C	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Borrowings during the year	2,476,483	33,800
	Borrowings repaid during the year	(2,084,009)	(42,725)
	Proceeds from issue of equity share	146,500	<u> </u>
	Net cash flow from/ (used in) financing activities (c)	538,974	(8,925)
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (a + b+c)	117,484	(16,745)
	Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year	1,401	18,146
	Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	118,885	1,401
	Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:		
	Balances with banks (current account)	2,385	1,096
	Balances with banks (deposits maturing within 3 months)	116,500	305

Significant accounting policies

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Piramal Finance Limited

Khushru Jijina Managing Directo.

2

Company Secretary

Ujas Popat CFO

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

31 March 2017

31 March 2016

#### Share capital 3

Authorised 5000,000,000 (750,000,000) equity shares of INR 10 each	500,000	75,000
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid</b> 2,994,401,152 (425,420,000) equity shares of INR 10 each	299,440	42,542
_	299,440	42,542

# Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

	31 March 2017		31 March 2	016
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the year	425,420,000	42,542	425,420,000	42,542
Add: Issued during the year - Issued for cash	1,465,000,000	146,500	125	·
- Issued for consideration other than cash (Refer note 26)	1,103,981,152	110,398		*
At the end of the year	2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542

#### Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. There are no restrictions on payments of dividends to equity shareholders.

On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

#### Shares held by holding company

	31 March 2017		31 March 20	016
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid up held by Piramal Enterprise Limited (holding company)	2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542
	2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542

# Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

31 March 2017		31 March 20	110
Number	Amount	Number	Amount
2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542
2,994,401,152	299,440	425,420,000	42,542
	Number 2,994,401,152	Number Amount 2,994,401,152 299,440	Number Amount Number  2,994,401,152 299,440 425,420,000





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency : Rs in lakhs)

		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
4	Reserves and surplus		
	Statutory reserve fund u/s 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934		
	Opening balance	3,924	3,180
	Add: Additions during the year	3,866	744
	Closing balance	7,790	3,924
	General reserves	4.44.6	1.717
	Opening balance	1,616	1,616
	Add: Additions during the year		1,616
	Closing balance	1,616	1,010
	Cash Flow Hedging Reserve		
	Opening balance	IEU   10.4	( <u>*</u>
	Add: Addditon during the year (Refer note 30)	484	
	Closing balance	484	
	Control of the section of the section		
	Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	13,446	10,468
	Opening balance	19,331	3,722
	Add: Profit for the year	27,002	,
	Appropriations:	2 066	744
	Less: Transfer to statutory reserve fund u/s 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	3,866	/44
	Closing balance	28,911	13,446
		38,801	18,986
5	Long term borrowings	<del>1</del>	
	Term loans		
	Secured		
	From banks		
	Rupee Loan	481,326	5,125
	Foreign currency loans	48,383	
	Totolgh outloney toute		
	From others	174,333	
	Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures		
	Secured	198,592	
	Unsecured	49,177	·*
		951,811	5,125
		951,811	





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 5 Long term borrowings (Continued)

Security clause and Maturity profile of the term loans/ NCDs (including current maturities of long term borrowing)

#### A. Rupee Term Loan from Banks (Secured)

#### **Nature of Security**

First pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation on the standard movable assets including receivables and book debts, present and future

#### As at 31 March 2017

Maturities	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest 8,75-9.75%	3,750	473,011	8,314	485,076
Total	3,750	473,011	8,314	485,076

#### As at 31 March 2016

Maturities	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest	1,250	2,750	2,375	6,375
Total	1,250	2,750	2,375	6,375

#### B. Foreign Currency Non Repatriable Loans (Secured)

#### Nature of Security

First pari-passu charge on the movable assets including receivables present and future

#### As at 31 March 2017

Maturities	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest 9.60-9.75%	<b>X</b>	48,383		48,383
Total	782	48,383		48,383

#### C. Term Loan from others (Secured)

#### Nature of Security

First pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation created over secured assets

#### As at 31 March 2017

Maturities	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest 9.65-10%		174,333	12	174,333
Total 2 &	00	174,333	;•	174,333



(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 5 Long term borrowings (Continued)

Security clause and Maturity profile of the term loans/ NCDs (including current maturities of long term borrowing) (Continued)

#### D. Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (Secured):

#### Nature of Security

First pari-passu charge by hypothecation over the movable assets and a first ranking pari passu mortgage over Specifically Mortgaged Property

#### As at 31 March 2017

Ma	turitles	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest					
7.75-8.55%		109,006	2,548	2.5	111,553
8.56-9.72%		*2	195,542	503	196,045
Total	5	109,006	198,089	503	307,598

#### E. Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (Unsecured subordinated (Tier II))

#### As at 31 March 2017

Maturity	<1 year	1-3 years	>3 years	Grand Total
Rate of Interest		8	49,177	49,177
9.55%	<u> </u>		72,177	12/1//
Total			49,177	49,177





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

6	Other long-term liabilities	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	Lease equalisation Forward Contract Payable	13 2,636	2
		2,649	2

#### 7 Provisions

	31 March 20	17	31 March 20	6
	Long Term	Short Term	Long Term	Short Term
Provision for gratuity	315	48	30	13
Provision for employee bonus	#5	4,388	*	692
Provision for compensated absence	167	54	37	27
Provision for tax (net of advance tax of Rs. 24,986 (previous year Rs. 404))	*	266		8
-	482	4,756	67	739
Others		<del>`</del>		
Contingent provisions against standard assets	33,180	4,286	993	349
	33,180	4,286	993	349
	33,661	9,042	1,060	1,088





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
8	Short term borrowings		
	Working Capital Demand Loan (secured)		
	-From banks	40.404	<b>7. 7. 0. 0.</b>
	Rupee Loans	19,496	7,500
	(Secured by first pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation on the standard moveable assets including receivables and book debts ,present and future)		
	Term Loan (Unsecured)		
	-From banks	14.620	
	Foreign Currency Loans	14,629	
	Others (Unsecured)	##C C1#	
	Commercial Papers (net of unamortised discount of Rs.5,885 (previous year- Rs.Nil))	556,615	
		590,740	7,500
		370,710	1
9	Trade payables		
	Trade payable		
	- Payable to Micro & Small suppliers (Refer Note 31)	563	896
	- Payables to others	503	850
		563	896
10	Other current liabilities		
	Current maturities of long term debt (Refer Note 5)	112,756	1,250
	Advance received	394	22
	Dues to holding company	-	53
	Interest accrued but not due	•	110
	Forward Contract Payable	473	- 00
	Taxes payable	456	83
	Payable to employees	40	112
		114,119	1,630





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued) as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

# 11 Tangible fixed assets

Description		Gross Block	Block			Depreciation / amortisation	amortisation		Net Block
	As at 1 April 2016	Additions during the	As at Additions during the Deductions during the year	As at 31 Mar 2017	As at 1 April 2016	Charge for the year	As at Charge for the year Deductions during the 12016 year	As at 31 Mar 2017	As at 31 Mar 2017
Land & Building	(10)	16	1	16	.9	Ü	59	3	16
Office equipment	4	17	•	61	4	10	47	14	47
Computer	24	55	1	42	14	11	3	25	54
Computer Server	*	35	-	35		3	•	က	33
Furniture	111	30	•	41	0	2	3	2	39
Leasehold Improvments	201	80	•	281	130	53	(.5)	183	86
Total	280	233	Ē	513	148	79	•	722	286

Description		Gross Block				Depreciation / amortisation	amortisation		Net Block
	Asat	As at Additions during the Deductions during the	ons during the	As at	As at	Charge for the year	As at Charge for the year Deductions during the	Asat	Asat
	1 April 2015	year	year	31 Mar 2016	1 April 2015		уеаг	31 Mar 2016	31 Mar 2016
Office equipment	7	37		44	-	3	•	4	40
Computer	23	5	4	24	Ξ	9	3	14	01
Furniture	3	80	ž.	11	0	0	,	0	-
Leasehold Improvments	681	12	)8	201	68	41		130	71
Total	222	63	4	280	101	20	3	148	132

# Intangible fixed assets and Capital WIP 12

Description		Gross Block	Nock			Depreciation / amortisation	tisation		Net Block
	As at 1 April 2016	As at Addtions during the Deductions during the 12016 year year	Deductions during the	As at 31 Mar 2017	As at 1 April 2016	As at Charge for the year Deductions during the 12016 year	uctions during the year	As at 31 Mar 2017	As at 31 Mar 2017
Computer software	0	17	,	17	0	-		-	16
Total -I	0	17	<b>:</b>	17	0	1	(#))	#	10
Capital WIP-II	*	610		610	3			34	610
Total-I + I3	0	627		627	0	1		1	979

As at Additions during the Deductions during the Deductions during the Deductions during the As at As	11/2	Sept Book	Gross Block				Depreciation / amortisation	mortisation		Net Block
fivare (Marks) (100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9	Loch's Excelles, As at	Additions during the Dedu-	ctions during the	As at 31 Mar 2016	As at 1 April 2015	Charge for the year	Deductions during the year	As at 31 Mar 2016	31 Mar 2016
O Municipal Color 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	r software	*		Е.	0	0	0		0	A BANGARA
	C	Number - 400 011 / 20 / 0	,		0	0	0	•	0	6 12

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

#### 13 Investments

	31 March 2	017	31 March 2016	
	Non current *	Current	Non current *	Curren
nvestments in Debentures (Quoted) (at cost) (fully paid up)				
Redcemable Non-Convertible Debentures				
Secured				
9,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Century Joint Developers	17,227	1,500	∃ <del>1</del>	
5,168 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Three C Green Developers	2,060	4,406	9	0.00
Private Limited 21,011 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in VGN Developers Private Limited	13,854	8,100	12.	25
5,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Essel Green Energy Private Limited	16,122	-	55.)	
16 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in ACME Cleantech	22,002	*		
Solutions Private Limited 1,600 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in SPR Constructions Privateimited	4,350	7,250	Sec.	(36)
_	75,615	21,256	70.7	(H)
nvestments in Debentures (Unquoted) (at cost) (fully paid up)				
Redeemable Optionally Convertible Debentures				
125 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Navayuga Road Projects	*	41,171		
Private Limited SR - I ,905 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Regen Infrastructure Private Limited	16,557	2,672	1961	89
	16,557	43,843	(46	*
Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures (fully paid up)				
Secured				
1,240 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Adarsh Haven Private	12,400		<b>E</b> )	*
Limited 15,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Akarshak Realty Private	14,711	147	¥:	*
imited 8 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Akarsh Residency Private	7,727	27	-	<u>\$</u>
imited 160 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Akshar Space Private	6,735	760	台	•
imited 2,220 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Akshaya Private Limited	7,474	1,620	±5	*
08 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Alekhya Property	10,702		2	*
Developments Private Limited 1,358 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Arihant Unitech Realty	2,800	558		ĕ
Projects Limited 3,394 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Arun Excello Homes	21,299	2,639	8	×
Private Limited ,700 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Arun Excello Realty	15,914	1,097	<b>3</b> 2	*
Private Limited 15,250 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Atria Brindavan Power	15,250		-	9
Private Limited		Section 1		
20,985 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in ATS Heights Private Limited	21,405	:•:		
19,175 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in ATS Homes Private Limited	19,761	•		
15,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in ATS Homes Private Limited	11,361	4,175	*	8
18,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in ATS Real Estate Builders	18,500	740	*	
Private Limited 3,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Baashyaam Constructions	2,999	•	¥	*
Private Limited 3,300 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Baashyaam Constructions Private Limited	2,905	367	Ca	





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

#### 13 Investments (Continued)

	31 March 2	2017	31 March 20	016
	Non current *	Current	Non current *	Current
700 (Provious Vess Nil) of INID 100 000				
300 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Baashyaam Constructions Private Limited	300	•	*2	*
2,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Baashyaam Constructions Private Limited	1,999	300	•	*
18,700 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Bestech India Private Limited	18,260	283	*:	÷
2,460 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 88,000 each in Bhaveshwar Properties Private Limited	1,380	1,080	<u>+</u> 2	
16,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Century Real Estate Holdings Private Limited	15,918	(60)	\$1	×
17,900 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Century Real Estate Holdings Private Limited	19,803	(#);	•	*
9,650 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Dosti Realty Limited	9,566	741	i Ç	2
709 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Ekta Housing Private Limited	4,588	2,356		*
1,171 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Ekta Parksville Homes Private Limited	7,627	3,844	2.00	25
100 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Emami Realty Private Limited	7,966	2,000	(6)	2
19,230,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100 each in Essem Infra Private Limited	13,106	6,023	(*)	**
12,530 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Evic Real Estate Private	12,002	803	36	¥5 ,
8,727 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Flagship Infrastructure Private Limited	8,167	503	000	*
106 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Forum Homes Private	6,044	4,494	(*)	**
6,750 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Golden Homes Private	5,619	1,066	(3)	
7,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Good Earth Eco	6,614	400	***	141
Development Private Limited 675 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Haldhar Developers Private	<u> </u>	6,569	<u> </u>	9.5
Limited 7,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Ideal Real Estate Private	2,933	4,000	12	:*:
Limited 6,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Jaykali Developers Private	5,844	2	3	
Limited 8,604 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Kanakia King Style	8,602	9	9	550
Construction Private Limited 58 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Kanakia Spaces Realty	5,800	5	,	58%
Private Limited 70 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Kanakia Spaces Realty	1,080	5,800	*	:40
Private Limited 173 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Keystone Realtors Private	14,184	2,875	=	27
Limited 79 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Keystone Realtors Private	5,985	1,762		
Limited		1,702		9
200 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Kothari Auto Parts Manufacturers Private Limited	10,000	•	*	Ę. <b>-</b>
212 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Kothari Auto Parts Manufacturers Private Limited	10,600		*	74
290 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Kothari Auto Parts Manufacturers Private Limited	14,500	/S	A	8.
33,983,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100 each in Kumar Agro Products Private Limited	30,557	3,137		4
12,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Logix City Developers Private Limited	7,711	4,688	2	2
15,671 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Manjeera Retail Holdings Private Limited	14,263	1,409	*	2.
17,551 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Mantri Developers Private Limited	17,458		*	*
1,244,200 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000 each in Marvel Mega Realtors	12,153	140	*	*
Private Limited 22,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in NCL Industries Limited	21,994	•	¥	
		III Go	1	





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

#### 13 Investments (Continued)

	24.54	2017		
	31 March		31 March 2016	
	Non current *	Current	Non current *	Current
4,200 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Neelkanth Vinayak Realtors Private Limited	1,800	2,400	it.	247
13,069 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Nilkanth Tech Park Private Limited	9,830	3,092	Ø ×	150
5,876 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Nilkanth Tech Park Private Limited	4,322	1,556	<b>=</b>	31
6,061 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Niraj Kumar Associates Private Limited	5,961		*	::
165 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Nirmal Lifestyle Limited	10,997	5,364	*	æ
4,420 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in North Town Estate Private Limited	4,336	€.	*	9
197 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Omkar City Developers Private Limited	19,518	(7 <u>%</u> )	<u></u>	
1,465 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Omkar Realtors and Developers Private Limited	14,518	0.50	*	9
2,269 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Omkar Realtors and Developers Private Limited	22,690	385	*	*
18,910 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Ornate Spaces Private Limited	19,402	648	\$	¥
8,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Ozone Infra Developers Private Limited	9,501	9	72	8
21,223 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Paranjape Schemes Construction Limited	20,734	342	•:	*
9,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Pheonix Hodu Developers Private Limited	6,700	2,714	? <u>\$</u>	2
5,267 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Phoenix Embassy Tech Zone Private Limited	5,111	ž	£5	ŧ
10,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Prateek Infraprojects India Private Limited	9,880	*	292	•
175 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Raghuleela Leasing and Construction Private Limited	16,385	1,000	2001	12.
54 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Rajesh Estate and Ninnan Private Limited	€.	2,700	25	
80 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 5,000,000 each in Rajesh Estate and Nirman Private Limited	5.	4,000	:=	
IIO (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in RD Buildtech & Developers (Kamataka) Private Limited	10,704	*	54	<b>a</b> i
15,899 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Reliance Big Limited	14,675	2,066	3	
12,126 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Runwal Homes Private	10,800	1,326	3	:*
2,564,800 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000 each in Sanghi Industries Limited	25,384	(e)	*	::
9,318 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Sarvavasa Buildtech and Farms Private Limited	9,216	2.40	÷	*
21,270 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Sarvavasa Buildtech and Farms Private Limited	21,085	<u> </u>		
80 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Security and Intelligence Services (India) Limited	6,464	1,333	*	
3,250 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Shreeniwas Cotton Mills Private Limited	33,568	(40)	₩.	<u>:</u>
200 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Siddhi Raj Housing Projects Private Limited	1,943	•	5	
1,200,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000 each in Smaaash Entertainment Private Limited	12,445	<b>:</b> ::/	¥:	*
150 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Tridhaatu Mumbai Structure Private Limited	1,497	3	2	2
301 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Tridhaatu Mumbai Structure Private Limited	2,956	182	ė	ŧi.
209,800 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000 each in Wisemore Advisory Private Limited	20,989	×	95	
28 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 10,000,000 each in Valdel Real Estate Private Limited	2,796		*	100
25,862 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Vatika Infracon Private Limited	26,836	6886	0. (2)	170
Salinee:		Sth Flo	Off Off	- CO

Sth Floor.

Loths Excelos.

Apollo Mill Compound.

M. M. Compound.

Multiple Story India.

(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

#### 13 Investments (Continued)

	31 March 2	017	31 March 20	16
	Non current *	Current	Non current *	Current
1,950 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Vatika One On One Private Limited	19,500	3. <del>2</del> °.	*	*
13,440 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Vijay Group Housing Private Limited	9,939	3,360	:0	*
2,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Wadhwa Constructions & Infrastructure Private Limited	10,659	9,333	0.5	<u>.</u>
2,500 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 1,000,000 each in Wadhwa Group Holdings Private Limited	14,284	10,000	1961	45
23,000 (Previous Year Nil) of INR 100,000 each in Reliable Exports (India) Private Limited	23,000	*	) <b>-</b>	2
	974,991	115,216		*
	1,067,163	180,315		:163
Aggregated book value of quoted investments	75,615	21,256	•	
Aggregated market value of quoted investments	75,615	21,256	-	
Aggregated value of unquoted investments	991,549	159,059	•	-
Aggregated amount of impairment in value of investments	*	*	3	848

<sup>\*</sup> The non-current portion of these investments are non-trade investments





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
14	Deferred tax assets (net)		
	Deferred tax asset  Depreciation on fixed assets Provision for compensated absence Provision for gratuity Contingent provision against standard assets Provision on sub-standard assets Net fair value changes on foreign currency loan Deferrement of interest income due to EIR Deferrement of interest expense due to EIR	26 .76 126 12,966 - 517 297 434	24 22 14 464 291
	Lease straightlining  Deferred tax asset  Deferred tax liabilities	14,447	816
	Net deferred tax asset	14,447	816





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

#### 15 Loans and advances

	31 March 201	17	31 March 201	6
	Long term	Short term	Long term	Short term
To parties other than related parties				
Unsecured, considered good				
Security deposits	119	68	61	11
	119	68	61	11
Loans			49,646	17,427
Secured, considered good	586,655	57,549	49,646	17,427
_		4.010	2,077	4,213
Secured, considered doubtful	4,199	4,019	(208)	(633)
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful loans and	(680)	(966)	(200)	(555)
advances	3,519	3,053	1,869	3,580
Other loans and advances				
Unsecured, considered good				
Advance Tax (net of Provision of Rs.7,763, previous year Rs. 10,752)	563		549	619
Cenvat credit receivable	•	144	•	
Loan to employee	(0)	9	22	4
Prepaid expenses	5	107	4	_
Advance for expenses	200	0	321	634
	568	260	575	0.34
To related parties				
Loan and advances				
Unsecured, considered good			£	2,100
Piramal Enterprise Limited			<del>-</del>	2,100
-				
	590,860	60,930	52,151	23,752





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

as at 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
16	Cash and bank balances		
	Cash & cash equivalent		
	Balances with banks		
	-In current accounts	2,385	1,096
	-In fixed deposit with original maturity less than 3 months	116,500	305
	-in fixed deposit with original maturity less than 5 months	220,000	
	Other Bank balances		
	Deposit with banks (maturity within 12 months)	1,500	100.00
		120,385	1,401
17	Other current assets		
	Secured, considered good		
	Other receivable	11	577
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Other Asset	1,591	20
	Advance Processing Charges	649	-
	Preliminary Expenses	276	-
	To related parties		
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Piramal Enterprise Limited	3,077	
	Piramal Fund Management Private Limited	210	뷀
		5,814	577





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency : Rs in lakhs)

•		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
18	Revenue from operations		
	Interest income:	96,718	86
	- On investments - On loans and advances	47,300	12,134
	Other financial services: - Processing / arranger fees	2,339	1,391
		146,357	13,611
19	Other income		
		5	172
	Dividend income on mutual fund units Profit on sale of mutual fund units	2,352	8
	Other non-operating income	535	463
	Office non-obstacing mooning		635
		2,892	033
20	Employee benefits expense		
	6.1.1. 1	7,340	2,165
	Salaries and wages Contribution to Provident and other fund	78	10
	Staff welfare expenses	312	150 24
	Other employee benefit expenses	155	24
		7,885	2,349
21	Finance costs		
		44,073	2,567
	Interest expense	23,599	-,
	Discount on commercial paper	1,335	306
	Other borrowing cost		
		69,007	2,873





(formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs in lakhs)

		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
22	Other expenses		
	Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	854	1,151
	Contribution to electoral trust	350	
	Rent	304	67
	Amenities fees	62	60
	Travelling and conveyance	271	109
	Legal and professional fees	1,164	1,526
	Royalty fees	455	<b>3</b>
	Electricity expense	37	16
	Repairs and maintenance - others	50	18
	Postage and communication	31	15
	Printing and stationery	6	5
	Net fair value changes on foreign currency loan	1,495	<u>-</u>
	Other expenses	1,001	86
	Auditor's Remuneration		
	- as auditor	27	9
	- for other services	6	1
	Contingent provision against standard assets	36,124	240
	Provision on doubtful assets	805	(55)
		43.042	3,248





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 1. Background

Piramal Finance Limited (formerly known as Piramal Finance Private Limited) ('the Company') was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on 23 February 1974 with its registered and operational office in Mumbai.

The Company was issued a registration certificate no. B-13.01420 dated 18 November 2000, by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') under section 45 – IA of the RBI Act, 1934 to commence / carry on the business of non – banking financial institution without accepting public deposits.

The Company was converted into a public limited Company w.e.f. December 23, 2016 and consequently the name of the Company was changed from Piramal Finance Private Limited to Piramal Finance Limited w.e.f. the date of the certificate of ROC, Maharashtra, Mumbai dated January 06, 2017. The primary activities of the Company involve lending / investing.

The Company has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited on 10 February 2017 which has applied for registration to commence Housing Finance business with National Housing Bank on 28 February 2017. The Company along with its subsidiaries is hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Group".

### 2. Significant accounting policies

# 2.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented on the accrual basis of accounting, and comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') guidelines, as adopted consistently by the Group to the extent applicable. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian rupees rounded off to the nearest lakhs, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.2 Investment in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the group has control. Control is achieved when the Group has power over the investee, is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to use its power to affect its returns. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of financial statement. Actual results could differ from those estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to the accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in the current and future periods.

#### 2.4 Current and non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

#### **Assets**

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- i. it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Group's normal operating cycle;
- ii. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- iii. it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- iv. it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

#### Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- i. it is expected to be settled in the Group's normal operating cycle;
- ii. it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- iii. it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- iv. the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.5 Revenue recognition

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate (EIR) basis for financial assets in the statement of profit and loss, except in the case of interest on non-performing assets which is recognised on receipt basis as per income recognition and asset classification norms prescribed by RBI.

Penal interest is recognised as income on the actual basis.

Loan processing fees income is accounted for on effective interest basis. Arranger fees income is accounted for on accrual basis.

Dividend is recognised as income as and when the right to receive the payment is established.

#### 2.6 Borrowing cost

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest rate basis for financial liabilities in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 2.7 Discount on commercial paper

The difference between issue price and redemption value of commercial paper is apportioned on time basis and recognized as discount expenses.

#### 2.8 Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are carried at cost of acquisition or the revalued amount as the case may be, less accumulated depreciation and impairments, if any. Acquisition cost comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is charged over the estimated useful life of the fixed assets on straight-line basis in the manner prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 as given below:

Class of asset	Useful life
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture	10 years
Computer servers and network	6 years
Computer – end user device	3 years
Leasehold improvements	Amortised on straight line method over
·	lease term

Individual fixed assets costing less than Rupees five thousand are depreciated fully in the year of purchase or acquisition.

The Group provides pro-rata depreciation from the day the asset is ready to use / put-to use, whichever is earlier and for any asset sold, till the date of sale.

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible Assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their finite useful lives over the following period:

Computer Software

6 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

#### 2.10 Impairment of assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset or of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying value, the carrying value is reduced to the recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss for the year.

If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost.

#### 2.11 Investments

Investments are classified into non-current and current based on management's intention at the time of purchase. Purchase and sale of investments are recorded at trade date. Profit / loss on sale of investment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss on the trade date. Profit or loss on the sale of investment is determined on first in first out ('FIFO') basis.

Non-current investments are carried at amortised cost less diminution in value, if any, which is other than temporary, determined separately for each individual investment.

Quoted current investments are valued at amortised cost or market value / net realisable value whichever is lower. Current investments are valued scrip-wise. Net depreciation, if any, is provided for and net appreciation, if any, is ignored.

Unquoted investments in the units of mutual funds in the nature of current investments are valued at the net asset value declared by the mutual fund in respect of each particular scheme.

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.12 Loans

Loans are classified into 'performing' and 'non-performing' and are stated after deduction of specific provisions and interest in suspense, if any, in accordance with the prescribed RBI guidelines.

Non-performing loans are identified by periodic appraisals of the portfolio by management and appropriate provisions are made based on management's assessment of the degree of impairment of the loans, subject to minimum provisioning level prescribed by the Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007, issued by RBI on 1 July 2014 as amended upto 30<sup>th</sup> October 2014

#### 2.13 Employee benefits

#### Gratuity

The Group's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of the plan assets, if any, is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuations using the Project Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of

service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement, and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, is based on the market yields on government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Compensated absence

The employees of the Group are entitled to compensate absence. The employee can carry forward a portion of the unutilised accrued leave balance and utilise it in the future periods. The Group records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the service that increases the entitlement. The Group measures the expected cost of compensated absence as the amount that the Group expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date.

#### 2.14 Provision for standard assets

Provision on standard assets is made in line with the prudential norms prescribed by the Master Direction – "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016".

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#### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.15 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period, determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the rules framed there under) and the deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the year).

#### Current tax

Current tax expense is recognised on an annual basis under the taxes payable method, based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemption in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and Income Computation and Disclosure Standards. In case of matters under appeal due to disallowance or otherwise, full provision is made when the said liabilities are accepted by the Group.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income i.e. differences that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the asset can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/ virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

#### 2.16 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year.

Number of equity shares used in computing diluted earnings per share comprises the weighted average number of shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also weighted average number of equity shares which would have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential shares. In computing diluted earnings per share only potential equity shares that are dilutive are included.

#### 2.17 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group recognises a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of past events that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.17 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

#### 2.18 Derivatives and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged and the type of hedge relationship designated.

The Group designates certain hedging instruments, which include derivatives, embedded derivatives and non-derivatives in respect of foreign currency risk, as either fair value hedges, cash flow hedges, or hedges of net investments in foreign operations. Hedges of foreign exchange risk on firm commitments are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) has issued a guidance note on Accounting for Derivative Contracts which is effective from April 1, 2016. The guidance note requires all derivative contracts and their underlying to be marked to market and tested for hedge effectiveness and the ineffective portion if any would be charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The charge/credit to the Statement of Profit and Loss will depend upon the changes in the mark to market based on the actual exchange rates prevalent at each quarter end. The exchange difference on the long-term foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities which are not covered by derivative contracts (such as dollar denominated loans) would continue to be amortised over the life of the contracts

#### 2.19 Foreign Currency transaction

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing at the time of transaction. Exchange differences, if any arising out of transaction settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are restated at year end rates. The resultant exchange differences, if any, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss and related assets and liabilities are accordingly restated in the balance sheet

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.20 Operating leases

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership over the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease rentals are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 23 Earnings per share ('EPS')

Basic and diluted EPS is computed in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 'Earnings Per Share' specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013.

The computation of earnings per share is set out below:

Description	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Net profit/ loss (gross of transfer to statutory reserve) attributable to equity shareholders	26,895	3,722
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for calculation of EPS	1,615,062,724	425,420,000
Basic and Diluted EPS of face value of INR 10	1.67	0.87

The basic and diluted EPS is same as there are no potential dilutive equity shares.

#### 24. Capital commitment

Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Undisbursed loan commitments	23,040	11,550
Total	23,040	11,550

### 25. Segment reporting

Since the Group's business activity falls under one business segment (i.e. investing and lending) and business operations are concentrated in India, no further disclosures as required by Accounting Standard 17 'Segment Reporting' specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 have been made.

# 26. Significant Transaction during the year

During the year, the Company has acquired a portion of lending portfolio comprising of loan book assets of Rs. 1,395,027 and borrowing of Rs. 1,251,058 from its holding company Piramal Enterprises Limited for a net consideration of Rs.143,969 lakhs against which Company has allotted equity shares of Rs.110,398 and the remaining amount of Rs.33,571 has been paid in cash.

# 27. Related party disclosure

Related party disclosures as required by Accounting Standard 18 - 'Related Party Disclosures' specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013. are given below:-

#### (A) Holding company

(i) Piramal Enterprises Limited





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 27. Related party disclosure (Continued)

- (B) Fellow subsidiaries
- (i) Piramal Fund Management Private Limited
- (ii) Piramal Asset Reconstructions Private Limited
- (iii) PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited
- (C) Other related parties where common control exists
  - (i) Piramal Estates Private Limited
  - (ii) India Venture Advisors Private Limited
  - (iii) Piramal Corporate Services Limited
  - (iv) Piramal Foundation for Educational Leadership
  - (v) Piramal Swasthya Management & Research Institute
  - (vi) Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited (formerly known as Aasan Developers and Constructions Private Limited).

#### (D) Key Management Personnel

(i) Mr. Khushru Jijina (Managing Director)

#### (E) Transactions with related parties

Details of Transactions	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Amenities charges paid		
Piramal Estates Private Limited	¥	47
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	58	9
Rent Paid		
Piramal Estates Private Limited	-	47
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	243	9
Guarantee commission		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	944	246
Professional fees		
Piramal Corporate Services Limited	375	<b>(*</b> )
Piramal Enterprises Limited	200	200
Donations paid		
Piramal Foundation for Education & Leadership	150	38
Piramal Swasthya Management & Research	704	1,109
Institute		
Reimbursement of expenses		
Piramal Estates Private Limited	-	13
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	27	4
India Venture Advisors Private Limited	-	1
Piramal Fund Management Private Limited	and Con	1
Remuneration to KMP	SHEED WORLD	M CO
Mr. Khushru Jijina	trille ( def allimit) 40	· ·

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 27. Related party disclosure (Continued)

#### (E) Transactions with related parties (Continued)

Details of Transactions	For the year ended 31 March 2017	For the year ended 31 March 2016
Receipt of interest		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	156	57
Payment of interest		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	33	391
Piramal Asset Reconstructions Private Limited	7	<u>:</u> #1
PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited	31	( <b>+</b> )
Advance received		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	4,700	16,300
Piramal Asset Reconstructions Private Limited	190	
PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited	490	( <del>=</del> )
Loan given		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	10,680	7,000
Security deposit placed		
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	73	: E
Repayment of loan	· ·	
Piramal Enterprises Limited	4,700	20,100
Piramal Asset Reconstructions Private Limited	190	9
PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited	490	•
Repayment of advance given		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	12,780	4,900
Employee related benefits transfer		
Piramal Fund Management Private Limited	210	72
Share Capital		
Piramal Enterprises Limited – against cash	146,500	
Piramal Enterprises Limited – against transfer of net assets and liabilities (Refer note 26)	110,398	( <del>-</del>
Payables		
Piramal Enterprises Limited	if.	53
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	30	1
Receivables		
India Venture Advisors Private Limited	-	0
Piramal Enterprises Limited	3,077	2,100
PEL Asset Resurgence Advisory Private Limited	1	
Aasan Corporate Solutions Private Limited	130	56
Piramal Fund Management Private Limited	210	7.

# 28. Operating lease

The Group has entered into lease arrangements for certain office premises.

0.0	•	
	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Lease payments recognised in the statement of profit and loss	204	76
Future minimum lease payments for non-cancellable operating leases		
Not later than one year	323	68
Later than one year but not later than five years 4/ 1000 Excellent	1030	44
Later than five years	77	-/
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# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 29. Impact due to change in accounting policy

During the year the Group has changed the accounting policy of recognizing interest income and expense from accounting based on the contracted coupon rate of instrument to their effective interest rate.

The impact is given below:

Particulars	Amount
Increase in interest income	859
Decrease in interest expenses	1,254

### 30. Cash Flow Hedge Disclosure

#### a. Risk Management

The Group's activities are exposed to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

The Group has an independent and dedicated Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) system to identify, manage and mitigate business risks. The Board has approved the Asset Liability Management Policy and the formation of Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO). The ALCO includes the Group's senior management and an external industry expert. It defines the strategy for managing liquidity and interest rate risks in the business.

This note explains the sources of risk which the Group is exposed to and how the Group manages the risk:

Risk	Management
Liquidity risk	ALCO deliberates on the static liquidity gap statement, future asset growth plans, tenor of assets, market liquidity and pricing of various sources of funds. It decides on the optimal funding mix taking into consideration the asset strategy and a focus on diversifying sources of funds.
Market risk - Interest rate	ALCO reviews the interest rate gap statement and the mix of floating and fixed rate assets and liabilities. The Risk Management Group has also initiated a scenario analysis to assess the short-term impact of interest rates on net interest income (NII).
Market risk - Foreign exchange	The centralised treasury function aggregates the foreign exchange exposure and takes prudent measures to hedge the exposure based on prevalent macroeconomic conditions.
Credit risk	Each investment is assessed by the investment team as well as independent risk team on the risk-return framework. The combined analysis of these teams is presented to the Investment Committee for investment decision. The risk is being partly mitigated by diversifying the lending portfolio across sectors and geographies.

#### b. Accounting for cash flow hedge

The Group has taken foreign currency floating rate borrowings which are linked to LIBOR. For managing the foreign currency risk and interest rate risk arising from changes in LIBOR on such borrowings, the Group has entered into cross-currency interest rate swap (CCIRS) for the entire loan liability. The Group has designated the CCIRS (hedging instrument) and the borrowing (hedged item) into a hedging relationship and applies hedge accounting.

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

#### 30. Cash Flow Hedge Disclosure

#### b. Accounting for cash flow hedge (Continued)

Under the terms of the CCIRS, the Group pays interest at the fixed rate to the swap counterparty in INR and receives the floating interest payments based on LIBOR in foreign currency. As the critical terms of the hedged item and the hedging instrument (notional, interest periods, underlying and fixed rates) are matching and the interest cash flows are off-setting, an economic relationship exists between the two. This ensures that the hedging instrument and hedged item have values that generally move in the opposite direction.

The CCIRS and the borrowings for one borrowing was designated into hedging relationship on 1 October 2016 and for others on 27 October 2016 which is later than the date on which the respective contracts were entered into. The gain / loss on fair valuation of CCIRS as on the date on designation has been recognised in profit or loss under the head Other Expenses (refer schedule 22).

Following table provides quantitative information regarding the hedging instrument as on March 31, 2017:

Type of hedge and risks	Nominal value  (Liabilities)	Carrying amount of hedging instruments (included under "other current and non-current financial liabilities") (Liabilities)	Maturity date	Average contracted fixed interest rate	Changes in fair value of hedging instrument	Changes in the value of hedged item
Cash Flow Hedge Foreign currency and Interest rate risk	65,000	3,109	Aug 2017 to June 2018	9.67%	(3,606)	3,606

Following table provides the effects of hedge accounting on financial performance for the year ended March 31, 2017:

Type of hedge	Changes in the value of hedging instruments recognised in Cash flow Hedge Reserve	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss	Line-item affected in statement of profit or loss because of reclassification
Cash flow hedge	3,606	1.992	Finance Cost
Interest Rate risk and Foreign Exchange Risk	5,000	(2,101)	Foreign Exchange (gain)/loss

Following table provides movements in cash flow hedge reserve:

Amount
·
(3,606)
4,090
484





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 31. Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, ('MSMED') which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. On the basis of the information and records including confirmations sought from suppliers on registration with specified authority under MSMED; no amounts relating to principal and interest were due or remained outstanding as at 31 March 2017. There have been no reported cases of delay in payments in excess of 45 days to micro, small and medium enterprises or of interest payments due to delay in such payments.

#### 32. Contingent liabilities

Claim against the Group not acknowledged as debt	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Dues towards Income Tax for AY 2012-2013	6	6
Dues towards Income Tax for AY 2014-2015	176	i. <del>*</del> :
Letter of Comfort issued by the Group	1400	

The Group is of the view that the above demands may not devolve on the Group and hence no provision has been made.

The Group has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At year end the Group has reviewed and ensured that adequate provision as required under any law / accounting standards for material foreseeable losses on such long term contracts has been made in the books of accounts.

The Group has also reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed the contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.

During the year, the Group has issued Letter of Comfort of Rs.1,400 lakhs to Keystone Realtors Pvt Ltd.

#### 33. Provision for standard assets

A general provision at 0.35% (Previous year 0.30%) of the outstanding standard assets, has been made as prescribed by RBI vide its circular no. RBI/2014-15/299 DNBR (PD) CC No. 002/03.10.001/2014-15 dated 10 November 2014. The Group has also made additional provision at 1.65% (Previous year 1.70%) on standard assets. The rate of additional provision is based on the management estimate of future expected losses in loan portfolio. This provision has been disclosed as "Contingent provision against standard assets" in the balance sheet.

### 34. Employee benefits

5th Floor 31 March 2017 31 March 20	016
51 Water 2017 51 Water 20	210
7.22% 7.7	2%
9.00% 9.0	0%
10.00% 17.0	0%
	7.22% 7.7 9.00% 9.00

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 34. Employee benefits (Continued)

II. Change in defined benefit obligation and assets over the year ended	31 March 2017	<b>31</b> March 2016
Present value of defined benefit obligation as at the beginning of the year	42	18
Interest cost	3	1
Current service cost	12	3
Liability transferred in	169	
Past service cost incurred during the year	8	500
Benefit paid	(5)	-
Actuarial (gains) / losses on obligation	27	20
Present value of the benefit obligation as at the end of the current period	363	42

III. Amount recognised in the balance sheet	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the period	3=3	10#1
(Present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the end of the	(363)	(42)
year)		
Funded status	(363)	(42)
Unrecognised past service cost at the end of the year		-
Net (liability)/ asset recognised in the balance sheet	(363)	(42)

IV. Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Current service cost	12	3
Interest cost	3	1
Actuarial (gains) / losses	132	20
Past service cost recognised during the year	8	*
Expense recognised in statement of profit and loss	155	24

V. Movement in net (liability) recognised in the balance sheet	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Opening net liability	42	18
Expense as above	155	24
Net transfer in	169	848
(Net transfer out)	7.	₹ <u>€</u>
(Benefit paid)	(5)	1.5
(Benefit paid on account of settlement)	-	n)#1
Net liability/ (asset) recognised in the balance sheet	363	42

VI. Experience adjustment	31 March 2017	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2013
On plan liability (gains)/ losses	105	21	6	1	
On plan assets (losses)/ gains	A. <del>e.</del> ;			1.5	

## 35. Expenditure in Foreign currency

	Particualrs	31 Mai	ch 2017	31 March	2016
(i)	Subcription and Membership	R&Co.	22	*	
(ii)	Professional Fess	5th Floor,	2	#	*
(iii)	Annual Licence Fees	Latha Excelus,	299	¥	
		The state of the s			

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### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 36. Specified Bank Notes

The details of specified Bank Notes (SBNs) held and transacted during the period 08 November 2016 to 30 December 2016 as provided in the Table below:

Particulars	SBNs	Other denomination notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08 November 2016	0	2	2
(+) Permitted receipts	. <del></del>	2	2
(-) Permitted payments	~	3	3
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	0	( <del>-</del> )	0
Closing cash in hand as on 30 December 2016	9	1	1

### 37. Remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel

Particulars	Name of Director	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Gross Salary	Khushru Jijina		
(a) Salary as per provisions		40	2.00
contained in Section 17(1) of			
the Income-tax Act, 1961			
(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2)		(1 <b>€</b> 2	=
of the Income-tax Act, 1961			
(c) Profits in lieu of salary under		9 <b>.6</b> 0	250
Section 17(3) of the Income tax			
Act, 1961			
Total		40	: <del>-</del>

### 38. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure

Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Contribution to Piramal Swasthya Management and Research Institute	704	1,109
Contribution to Piramal Foundation for Education Leadership	150	38
Total	854	1,147
Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	144	151
Amount spent during the year		
(i) Construction/acquisition of an asset	-	-
(i) On purposes other than (i) above	854	1,147

# 39. Details of the group's subsidiary at the end of the reporting period is as follows

Name of the Subsidiary	Principal Activity	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of Ownership Interest and
		688 Co	voting power held by the group 31-Mar-17
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	Housing Finance	India Lotha Excel	100%
		A Report of the Market	119, 14

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 40. Disclosure of additional information as required by the Schedule III, as at and for the year ended March 31, 2017

Name of the entity in the Group	Net Assets i.e minus total		Share in profit and I		
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated Profit and Loss	Amount	
Parent					
Piramal Finance Limited	99.44%	336,356	99.99%	19,330	
Subsidiaries					
Indian					
Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited	0.56%	1,885	0.01%	1	
Total	100%	338,241	100%	19,331	

The current year's figures are not comparable with the previous year figures as during the year ended March 31, 2017, the Group has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary Piramal Housing Finance Private Limited on February 10, 2017, whose results have been consolidated above.

# 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures

(i) Disclosures as required in terms of Annex I of Master Direction – "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016".

	Particulars				
	Liabilities side :	Amount outstanding as at 31 March 2017	Amount overdue as at 31 March 2017	Amount outstanding as at 31 March 2016	Amount overdue as at 31 March 2016
1	Loans and advances availed by the non-banking financial company inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:				
	(a) Debentures: Secured	307,598	¥	=	·2
	:Unsecured	49,177	¥	194	:=:
	(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits*)				
	(b) Deferred credits	₩	21	76	-
	(c) Term loans	741,917	140	13,985	-
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	2	14	U (20)	-
	(e) Commercial Paper	556,615	1945	84:	·
	(f) Public Deposits*	<u>=</u>	-		
	(g) Other loans (Unsecured) * Please see Note 1 below	-	S R & C		- Text

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

	Assets Side :	Amount outstanding as at 31st March 2017	Amount outstanding as at 31st March 2016
2	Break-up of loans and advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (3) below:]	2	
	(Amount gross of provision) (a) Secured	652,422	73,362
	(b) Unsecured	100	75,50=
10	Break up of leased assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities		
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:		
	(a) Financial lease	2.00	37
	(b) Operating lease	rec	98
	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:		
	(a) Assets on hire	7 <b>.</b>	X <del>a</del>
	(b) Repossessed assets	**	
	(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities		
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed		3
	(b) Loans other than (a) above	a.	2
	Break-up of investments:		
	Current investments:		
	1. Quoted:		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	¥.	
	(b) Preference		:
	(ii) Debentures and bonds	21,256	i <del>.</del>
	(iii) Units of mutual funds		-
	(iv) Government securities	·	9
	(v) Others (please specify)	標準	; <del>-</del>
	2. Unquoted:		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	( <del>=</del> )'	15
	(b) Preference	1.50	:5
	(ii) Debentures and bonds	159,059	
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	表)	, <del>i</del>
	(iv) Government securities	<b>27</b> (1)	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	<u>.</u>	3
	Long term investments:		
	1. Quoted:	<u> </u>	± <u>=</u>
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	B Co	
	(b) Preference	th Floor.	
	(ii) Debentures and bonds	75,615	7
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	Marg. W	13
	(iv) Government securities	100 - 400 011 E	1/2/
	(v) Others (please specify)	d Angood	(/3/)

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

	Assets Side :		Amou	nt outstanding 31st March		ount outstand 31st Ma	ling as at rch 2016
	2. Unquoted:						
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity				1,500		2 <b>2</b>
	(b) Preference				923		846
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds			99	1,548		940
	(iii) Units of mutual funds				( <b>=</b> )		0.00
	(iv) Government Securities						g <b>.=</b> :
	(v) Others (please specify)				*		2.00
5	Borrower group-wise classificatio	n of assets finance	d as in (2) and	l (3) above :			
	Please see Note 2 below						
	Category (Amount net of provision	) As at	31st March 2	017	As at 3	1st March 20	16
		Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured	Total
	1. Related Parties **						
	(a) Subsidiaries	•	100	100	90		<u> </u>
	(b) Companies in the same group	#9	(-)	920	<u> </u>	122	. 828
	(c) Other related parties		(₩.6	(#.)	*0	-	).   <del> </del>
	2. Other than related parties	650,776	5 <del>7</del> 8	650,776	71,181	55)	71,181
	Total	650,776	100	650,876	71,181		71,181
6	Investor group-wise classification quoted and unquoted) Please see note 3 below	of all investmen	nts (current a	nd long term	n) in shares	and securiti	es (both
	Category	As at 31st	March 2017		As at 31s	t March 2016	
		Market Value / Break up or fair value or NAV		of	Market Va Break up ovalue or N	r fair	ok Value (Net of rovision)
	1. Related Parties **						
	(a) Subsidiaries	1,50	0	1,500		*	
	(b) Companies in the same group		-	5		π.	
	(c) Other related parties		ā.			<u>-</u>	
	2. Other than related parties	1,247,47	-	47,478		¥.	343
	** As per accounting standard 18 of	1,247,47	8 1,24	48,978		-	<b>3</b>

\*\* As per accounting standard 18 of ICAI

(7)	Other information		
	Particulars	Amount as at	Amount as at
		31 March, 2017	31 March, 2016
(i)	Gross non-performing assets	a & Co.	
	(a) Related parties	Sth Floor,	:€
	(b) Other than related parties	Lodha Ercehrs. 8,219	6,290
ii)	Net non-performing assets	N. M. Apolio M.	1
	(a) Related parties	Mumbai - 400 011	1/3
	(b) Other than related parties	india. 6,573	5,449/
(iii)	Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	ered Acco	1/3

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### Notes:

- 1 As defined in point xix of paragraph 3 of Chapter -2 of these Directions.
- 2 Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in these Directions.
- 3 Market value/break up or fair value or NAV is taken as same as book value in case of unquoted investments and quoted investments in absence of market value / break up or fair value or NAV.
- (ii) Disclosures as required in terms of Annex XII of Master Direction "Non-Banking Financial Company Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016".

Capital to risk- assets ratio ('CRAR')

Items		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
(i)	CRAR (%)	20.59%	70.85%
(ii)	CRAR – Tier I capital (%)	16.75%	69.32%
(iii)	CRAR – Tier II capital (%)	3.84%	1.53%
(iv)	Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital	50,000	<b>=</b> :
(v)	Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instruments	=:	

#### **Investments**

Items	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
1. Value of Investments		
(i) Gross value of investments		
(a) In India	1,248,978	2
(ii) Provisions for depreciation		
(a) In India		
(iii) Net Value of investments		
(a) In India	1,248,978	
2. Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on		
investments		
(i) Opening Balance	2	· ·
(ii) Add: Provisions made during the year	*	÷
(iii) Less: write off / write back of excess provisions during the		2
year		
(iv) Closing Balance	20	57 (A

#### Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap

Sr.	Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
No.		(5,000	
(i)	The notional principal of swap agreements	65,000	- 1
(ii)	Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfill their obligations under the agreements	-	·
(iii)	Collateral required by the applicable NBFC upon entering into swaps	9	
(iv)	Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	æ	-//
(v) ×	The fair value of the swap book	62,898	(A
111 / 5			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### **Risk Exposure in Derivatives**

SI. No.	Particular	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives
(i)	Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)		
	For hedging	65,000	<b>(#</b> .
(ii)	Marked to Market Positions [1]		
a)	Asset (+)	*	æ
b)	Liability (-)	3,109	
(iii)	Credit Exposure [2]	65,000	122
(iv)	Unhedged Exposures	<b></b>	

#### Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

	1 day to 30/31 days	Over one month to 2 months	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Liabilities									
Borrowings- from banks (current year)	5,293	<u>u</u>	54,242	14,941	7,997	480,831	494	-	563,795
Borrowings from banks (previous year)	(313)	(-)	(-)	(3,312)	(5,125)	(2,750)	(2,375)	(-)	(13,875)
Market borrowings (current year)	87,197	243,240	166,956	78,954	106,292	276,170	20,011	49,680	1,028,500
Market borrowings (previous year)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Foreign Currency Liabilities		3	8	-	14,629	-	48,383	-	63,012
(current year)									
Foreign Currency Liabilities (previous year)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Assets									
Advances (current year)	3,339	786	8,674	13,342	34,562	269,433	234,426	88,366	652,928
Advances (previous year)	(435)	(996)	(2,315)	(7,556)	(8,265)	(34,111)	(19,177)	(2,634)	(75,489)
Investments (current year)	25,572	3,549	14,483	27,241	109,471	688,782	342,965	36,915	1,248,978
Investments (previous year)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

Note: Amount shown in the tables are gross figures without netting off the provision





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### Exposures to real estate sector

Cate	gory	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
(a)	Direct exposure		
(i)	Residential mortgages-		
	Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented; Individual housing loans upto Rs. 15 lakh may be shown separately)	×	98.
(ii)	Commercial real estate-		
	Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) limits	1,664,488	53,712
(iii)	Investments in mortgage backed securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures-		
	a. Residential	151	₹
	b. Commercial real estate	(#)	<del>-</del>
(b)	Indirect exposures		
	Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs.)	1,500	-

(iii) Additional disclosures as required in terms of Annex XII of Master Direction – "Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016"

#### **Provisions and Contingencies**

Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies shown in Profit	31 March 1	7	31 March 16
and Loss Account	2		
Provisions for depreciation on investment		-	2#3
Provision towards NPA	80:	5	(55)
Provision made towards Income tax	990	5	2,004
Provision for standard assets	36,12	1	240

#### Concentration of advances

Particulars	31 March 17	31 March 16
Total advances to 20 largest borrowers*	546,346	71,299
Percentage of advances to 20 largest borrowers to total	28.76%	97.19%
advances		

<sup>\*</sup>includes loan and investments

#### Concentration of exposures

Particulars	31 March 17	31 March 16
Total Exposure to 20 largest borrowers*	549,470	88,955
Percentage of exposures to 20 largest borrowers to total	28.56%	97.37%
exposure		W

\*includes loan, investments, capital commitment and letter of comfort



# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### **Exposure to Capital Market**

	Particulars	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
(i)	direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;		*
(ii)	advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;		ä
(iii)	advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security;		B
(iv)	advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds 'does not fully cover the advances;	d s	£
(v)	secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behal of stockbrokers and market makers;	f	
(vi)	loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debenture or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;		<del>, 2</del> 5
(vii)	bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	=	
(viii)	all exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	5	=
Total E	Exposure to Capital Market	78,901	-





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### **Concentrations of NPA**

Particulars	31 March 17	31 March 16
Total Exposure top 4 NPA accounts	8,219	6,290

#### Sector wise NPAs

Sr. No.		Sector		Percentage of NPAs to total advance	NPAs to total advances in that sector	
				31-Mar-17	31-Mar-16	
1		Agriculture & allied activities		0%	0%	
2		MSME		0%	0%	
3		Corporate borrowers		0%	0%	
	A	Real Estate		0%	3.93%	
	В	Education		57.90%	32.64%	
.4		Services		0%	0%	
5		Unsecured personal loans		0%	0%	
6		Auto loans		0%	0%	
7		Other personal loans		0%	0%	

#### **Movement of NPAs**

articu	lars	c c	31 March 17	31 March 1
(i)		to net advances (%)	0.35%	7.66%
(ii)		nt of NPAs (Gross)		
()		Opening balance	6,290	8,95
	(b)	Additions during the year	4,100	
	(-)	Subtotal (1)	10,390	8,95
	(c)	Reductions during the year due to		
	(-)	recoveries	(2,171)	(2,66
		Subtotal (2)	(2,171)	(2,66
	(d)		8,219	6,29
(iii)	. ,	nt of NPAs (Net)		
()	(a)		5,449	8,0
	(b)	Additions during the year	3690	
	(c)	Reductions during the year	(2,566)	(2,60
	(d)	Closing balance	6,573	5,4
(iv)	` ,	nt of provisions for NPAs (excluding		
()		n on standard asset)		
	(a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	840	8
	(b)	Additions during the year	1234	3
	(0)	Subtotal (1)	2074	12
	(c)	Reductions during the year	.20	
	(4)	Write back of excess provision on	(428)	(40
		account of reduction in NPAs		
		Subtotal (2)	(428)	(40
	(d)	Closing balance (1-2)	1,646	8



### Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

### 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

#### (iv) Draw Down from Reserves

There is no drawdown of reserves during the year ended March 31, 2017.

#### (v) Registration/licence/authorisation obtained from other financial sectors regulators-

The Company has not obtained any registration/licence/authorization from any financial sector regulator other than Reserve Bank of India.

### (vi) Rating assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of rating during the year

Credit ratings assigned to the borrowings of the Company are as under

Nature of Borrowings	Rating Agency	Ratings Assigned
NCD	ICRA Limited	[ICRA]AA
Commercial Paper	ICRA Limited	[ICRA]A1+

There has been no migration of ratings during the year ended 31 March 2017.

### (vii) Penalties/fines imposed by RBI and other banking regulatory bodies

No penalty was imposed by RBI or any other banking regulatory bodies during the year ended 31 March 2017.

# (viii) Area, Country of operation & Joint Venture Partners with regard to joint ventures and overseas subsidiaries.-

The Company does not have any joint ventures and overseas subsidiaries.

#### (ix) Extent of financing of parent company product

The Company has not financed any parent company product.

#### (x) Details of off-balance sheet SPV's sponsored

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet SPV's sponsored.

#### (xi) Disclosure of Complaints

There are no customer complaints received during the year.

#### (xii) Structured product issued

The Company has not issued any structured product during the year ended 31 March 2017

#### (xiii) Securitisation/assignment transactions

The Company had not entered into any securitization / assignment transaction during the year ended 31 March 2017.

(xiv) The Company has not purchased/ sold any non-performing financial assets during the year

ended 31 March 2017.





# Notes to the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2017

(Currency: Rs. in lakhs)

# 41 Non-Banking Financial Company disclosures (Continued)

- (xv) The Company has not exceeded the applicable SBL/GBL during the year ended 31 March 2017.
- (xvi) The Company has not taken any Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives during the year ended 31 March 2017.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Co. LLP.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Piramal Finance Limited

Manoj Kumar Vijai

Partner

Membership No: 046882

Mumbai

Date: May 10, 2017

Khushru Jijina Managing Director

Ankit Singh

Company Secretary

Ajay Piramal Director

Ujas Popat